

Nội dung bài viết

1. [Bộ đề thi KSCL đầu năm lớp 9 môn Tiếng Anh năm 2022 - 2023 Phần 1](#)

Bộ đề thi KSCL đầu năm lớp 9 môn Tiếng Anh năm 2022 - 2023 Phần 1

Bộ đề số 1:

PHẦN A: NGŨ ÂM (1,0 điểm)

I. Chọn từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác so với các từ còn lại.

1. A. stamps	B. clubs	C. weeks	D. cats
2. A. advise	B. despite	C. children	D. surprise

II. Chọn từ có trọng âm chính rơi vào vị trí khác so với các từ còn lại.

1. A. destroy	B. attend	C. father	D. receive
2. A. mistake	B. listen	C. doctor	D. happen

PHẦN B: NGŨ PHÁP VÀ TỪ VỰNG (4,0 điểm)

I. Cho dạng đúng của các từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành các câu sau.

1. My brother often (go) _____ to school by bike every day.
2. If we use water carefully, more people (have) _____ fresh water.
3. My father enjoys (watch) _____ television in the evenings.
4. Nga (stay) _____ with her sister since January.
5. The children (play) _____ football at the moment.
6. When I (come) _____ home from work yesterday, my mother was cooking dinner.
7. I don't know many English words. I wish I (know) _____ more English words.
8. Tuan and Huong (not/go) _____ to the cinema last night.

II. Chọn một đáp án đúng trong số A, B, C hoặc D để hoàn thành mỗi câu sau.

1. Could you _____ off the radio, please? It's very noisy.

A. turn

B. go

C. set

D. take

2. English _____ as a foreign language at most schools in Vietnam.

A. is teaching

B. are taught

C. is taught

D. will teach

3. My best friends often play tennis _____ Sundays.

A. at

B. on

C. for

D. in

4. We didn't go camping yesterday _____ it rained heavily.

A. because

B. although

C. Despite

D. In spite of

III. Chọn một từ đúng trong ngoặc để hoàn thành mỗi câu sau.

1. We love _____ school because of its ancient beauty. (our/us)
2. He has worked as a singer _____ 5 years. (since/for)
3. I can cook _____ than my sister. (better/best)
4. Nam had a serious accident because he didn't drive _____. (careful/carefully)

PHẦN C: ĐỌC HIỂU (2,5 điểm)

I. Đọc và chọn một từ thích hợp đã cho trong khung đi điền vào mỗi chỗ trống để hoàn thành đoạn văn sau.

ago started when move stay because
I come from Switzerland . I came to London six months (1) _____ to learn English. I haven't met many English people yet, only my teachers. I (2) _____ learning English at school in Switzerland (3) _____ I was eleven, so I have learned it for nearly ten years. At first, I didn't understand anything, but now my English has improved, I have just taken an exam. If I pass, I will (4) _____ to the next class. I am excited today(5) _____ my parents will come tomorrow to (6) _____ with me for a few days and I haven't seen them for a long time. They have never been to England and they can not speak English.

II. Đọc đoạn văn sau và trả lời các câu hỏi.

Bill Gates was born in 1955 in Washington State. He grew up in a rich family. His parents sent him to a private school. There he met his business partner, Paul Allen. When they were in eighth grade, they were writing programs for business computers and making more.

In 1973, Gates was accepted at Harvard University. His parents were happy. They thought he would get over his obsession with computers and become a lawyer like his father. Two years later, Gates dropped out of Harvard to work on a computer program with his friend Allen. They worked eighteen hours a day in a dormitory room at Harvard. They were writing the program that would run one of the first personal computers. In 1975, they created a company called Microsoft to sell their product.

Allen became ill with cancer and left Microsoft in 1983. He recovered a few years later and started his own company. Meanwhile, Microsoft became a giant company. By 1990, at the age of thirty-four, Gates was the youngest billionaire in the history of the USA.

1. Where was Bill Gates born ?

.....

2. Was Bill Gates the youngest billionaire in the history of the USA at the age of 34 ?

.....

3. When was Gates accepted at Harvard University ?

.....

4. Why did Bill Gates and Paul Allen create Microsoft in 1975 ?

.....

PHẦN D: VIẾT (2,5 điểm)

I. Viết lại các câu sau sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu ban đầu, bắt đầu bằng từ gợi ý.

1. They will build a new supermarket here.

→ A new supermarket

2. I spend three hours doing my homework everyday.

→ It takes

3. My father likes watching television every night.

→ My father enjoys

4. Although I left home early, I was late for the meeting.

→ Despite

II. Sắp xếp các từ, cụm từ cho sẵn thành câu hoàn chỉnh.

1. would / I / you / , / I / If / study / harder / were / .

→

2. go swimming / he / when / used to / was / small / He /.

→.....

Đáp án chi tiết bộ đề số 1:

PHẦN A: NGŨ ÂM (1,0 điểm)

I. Chọn từ có phần gạch chân được phát âm khác so với các từ còn lại.

1. B

2. C

II. Chọn từ có trọng âm chính rơi vào vị trí khác so với các từ còn lại.

1. C

2. A

PHẦN B: NGŨ PHÁP VÀ TỪ VỰNG (4,0 điểm)

I. Cho dạng đúng của các từ trong ngoặc để hoàn thành các câu sau.

1. My brother often (go) goes to school by bike every day.

2. If we use water carefully, more people (have) will have fresh water.

3. My father enjoys (watch) watching television in the evenings.

4. Nga (stay) has stayed with her sister since January.

5. The children (play) are playing football at the moment.

6. When I (come) came home from work yesterday, my mother was cooking dinner.

7. I don' know many English words. I wish I (know) knew more English words.

8. Tuan and Huong (not/go) didn't go to the cinema last night.

II. Chọn một đáp án đúng trong số A, B, C hoặc D để hoàn thành mỗi câu sau.

1. A 2. C 3. B 4. A

III. Chọn một từ đúng trong ngoặc để hoàn thành mỗi câu sau.

1. We love ___our___ school because of its ancient beauty. (our/us)

2. He has worked as a singer ___for___ 5 years. (since/for)

3. I can cook ___better___ than my sister. (better/best)

4. Nam had a serious accident because he didn't drive ___carefully___.
(careful/carefully)

PHẦN C: ĐỌC HIỂU (2,5 điểm)

I. Đọc và chọn một từ thích hợp đã cho trong khung đi điền vào mỗi chỗ trống để hoàn thành đoạn văn sau.

I come from Switzerland . I came to London six months (1) ___ago_____ to learn English. I haven't met many English people yet, only my teachers. I (2) ___started_____ learning English at school in Switzerland (3) ___when_____ I was eleven, so I have learned it for nearly ten years. At first, I didn't understand anything, but now my English has improved, I have just taken an exam. If I pass, I will (4) ___move_____ to the next class. I am excited today(5) ___because_____ my parents will come tomorrow to (6) ___stay_____ with me for a few days and I haven't seen them for a long time. They have never been to England and they can not speak English.

II. Đọc đoạn văn sau và trả lời các câu hỏi.

1. Bill Gates was born in 1955

2. Yes, he was

3. In 1973, Gates was accepted at Harvard University

4. Because they wanted to sell their product.

PHẦN D: VIẾT (2,5 điểm)

I. Viết lại các câu sau sao cho nghĩa không thay đổi so với câu ban đầu, bắt đầu bằng từ gợi ý.

1. A new supermarket will be built here
2. It takes three-hour to do my homework everyday.
3. My father enjoys watching television every night
4. Despite leaving home early, I was late for the meeting.

II. Sắp xếp các từ, cụm từ cho sẵn thành câu hoàn chỉnh.

1. If I were you, I would study harder.
2. He used to go swimming when he was small

Bộ đề số 2:

I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently (1.0 point)

1. A. out	B. round	C. about	D. would
2. A. chair	B. check	C. machine	D. child
3. A. happy	B. hour	C. high	D. hotel
4. A. compulsory	B. put	C. cut	D. hurry
5. A. visit	B. climate	C. high	D. primary

II. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentences below (3.0 ps)

1. _____ Kuala Lumpur, Ha Noi is a busy modern city

- A. As
- B. Such as
- C. Like
- D. Similar

2. I wish I _____ his name.

- A. knew

B. know

C. will know

D. would know

3. We were having dinner _____ the telephone rang.

A. since

B. for

C. until

D. when

4. The _____ language of Malaysia is Bahasa Malaysia.

A. international

B. national

C. continental

D. country

5. Buddhism is _____.

A. a country

B. a religion

C. an association

D. a region

6. Lan _____ the peaceful atmosphere while Maryam was praying.

A. enjoying

B. has enjoyed

C. enjoyed

D. enjoy

7. " I wish I _____ stay longer," Maryam said to Lan at the end of the week.

A. could

B. can

C. will

D. may

8. Malaysia is divided _____ two regions: The East and the West Malaysia

A. to

B. on

C. in

D. into

9. Maryam was really _____ by the beauty of Ha Noi.

A. impressed

B. impress

C. impression

D. impressive

10. The United States has a _____ of around 250 million.

A. introduction

B. separation

C. addition

D. population

III. Match each sentence in column A with its response in column B (1.5 ps)

A	B	Answer
1. Why don't we go for a picnic this weekend?	A. By bus	1
2. Pleased to meet you. Let me introduce myself. I'm Mai.	B. Yes, I'd love to.	2.....
3. Where is your home village?	C. That's a good idea	3.....
4. How can you get there?	D. It's to the west of the city	4.....
5. Would you like to have lunch with us?	E. Nice to meet you too.	5.....

IV. Read the following passage and answer the questions below (1.5 pts).

Today is the first day of the new school year. Behind the school gate everything looks bright and clean. The smell of fresh paint greets all the students in their uniforms. Most of them have already known one another quite well. However, there are some newcomers. Some of the old students gather in small group and talk to one another in the school yard. Others are eager to help the newcomers. It's difficult for newcomers to make friends and get into games in a new school. Sometimes they do not know the new regulations so they talk or do things differently. All the students look eager to start the new school year.

Questions:

1. How does everything look on the first day of the new school year?

.....

2. Are all the students in their uniforms?

.....

3. What do some of the old students do in the school yard?

.....

4. Why do newcomers sometimes talk or do things differently?

.....

5. What do the students look like?

.....

V. Choose the word or phrase among A, B, C or D that best fits the blank space in the following passage. (1 point)

Eye contact is an important type of (1) _____ communication. The way you look at someone can (2) _____ many things, including interest, affection, hostility, or attraction. Eye contact is also important in (3) _____ the flow of conversation.

Eye contact will be more continuous (4) _____ a person is trying to listen to you. Looking at a person can be an indication of (5) _____. People who are interested in someone show (6) _____ eye contact and lean forward toward the other person in the conversation. (7) _____ eye contact with another person can be (8) _____ to show respect.

1.	A.	verbal	B.	non-verbal	C.	oral	D.	online
2.	A.	mean	B.	bring	C.	transmit	D.	communicate
3.	A.	maintaining	B.	stopping	C.	preventing	D.	increasing
4.	A.	although	B.	because	C.	unless	D.	if
5.	A.	attract	B.	attracted	C.	attractive	D.	attraction
6.	A.	high	B.	strong	C.	weak	D.	deep
7.	A.	Taking	B.	Doing	C.	Making	D.	Bringing
8.	A.	use	B.	used	C.	using	D.	to use

V. Use the suggested words to complete the letter . (2.0 ps)

Ha Noi September 18


Dear Lan,

I/ write/ to/ tell / you/ I/ just/ return/ three-day trip/ Ha Noi.

I/ arrive/ Ha Noi Railway Station/ 5.00 pm/ last Friday.

Uncle/meet/ me/ station/ pick/up.

Saturday/ uncle/ take/ visit/History Museum/ Thu Le Park.

Then/ we/ visit/ Dong Xuan Market/, I/ buy/ you/ T-shirt/ symbol/ "I  Ha Noi".

I/ really/ impressed/ beauty/ capital City/ friendliness/ its people.

I/ back/ Monday morning. I/ phone/ you/ when/ come/ home.

I/ look/ forward/ see/ you/ soon.

Love,

Nga

Đáp án chi tiết bộ đề số 2:

Question	Answer key	Point
I (1,0 points)	1. D 2. C 3. B 4. B 5. A	0,2 for each correct answer
II (3,0 points)	1. C 2. A 3. D 4. B . 5B 6. C . 7A 8. D 9. A 10. D	0,3 for each correct answer
III (1,5 points)	1-C 2-E 3-D 4-A 5-B	0,3 for each correct answer
IV (1,5 points)	1. On the first day of the new school year, everything looks bright and clean. 2. Yes, they are. 3. Some of the old students/ They gather in small group and talk to one another in the school yard. 4. Sometimes they do not know the new regulations 5. The students look eager to start the new school year.	0,3 for each correct answer
V (1 point)	1 - B; 2 - D; 3 -A; 4 - D; 5 - D; 6 - B; 7 - C; 8 - B	
V (2,0 points)	Ha Noi September 18 Dear Lan,	0,2 for each correct answer

	<p>I am writing to tell you (0,2) that I've just returned from a three-day trip to Ha Noi.(0,2)</p> <p>I arrived at Ha Noi Railway Station at 5.00 pm last Friday. (0,2)</p> <p>My uncle met me at the station to pick me up.(0,2)</p> <p>On Saturday my uncle took me to visit the History Museum and Thu Le Park. (0,2)</p> <p>Then we visited Dong Xuan Market, (0,2) I bought you a T-shirt with the symbol "I ♥ Ha Noi" on it.(0,2)</p> <p>I am really impressed by the beauty of the capital City. (0,2)</p> <p>I wish I had a longer vacation.(0,2)</p> <p>I look forward to seeing you soon.(0,2)</p> <p>Love,</p> <p>Nga</p>	
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Bộ đề số 3:

Exercise 1: Find the word which has a different sound in the part underlined. Read the words aloud

1. A. <u>th</u> ermal	B. <u>th</u> ankful	C. <u>th</u> ere	D. <u>th</u> orough
2. A. <u>po</u> llution	B. <u>ear</u> plug	C. <u>du</u> mp	D. <u>du</u> st
3. A. <u>al</u> gal	B. <u>aqu</u> atic	C. <u>cont</u> aminate	D. <u>perma</u> nent

Exercise 2: Find the word which has a different position of the main stress in each line.

1. A. <u>med</u> ical	B. <u>hospi</u> tal	C. <u>poli</u> tic	D. <u>elec</u> tric
2. A. <u>pre</u> historic	B. <u>econo</u> mic	C. <u>lingui</u> stic	D. <u>opti</u> mistic

Exercise 3: Choose the correct answer A, B, C or D

1. This house and these doors are going to for Christmas day by the Greens.

A. painted

B. be painted

C. paint

D. be paint

2. What time

A.the train will leave

B. Will the train have been leaving

C. does the train leave

D. is leaving the train

3. It is time you your homework done.

A. has

B. had

C. have

D. having

4.The dogs..... fed before they went to the party.

A. has

B. have been

C. had been

D. having been

5.The car was dirty. They..... it for weeks.

A hasn't cleaned

B. haven't cleaned

C. hadn't been cleaned

D. hadn't cleaned

6. When they got home last night. They found that someone.....into the house.

A had broken

B. had been broken

C. has broken

D. has been broken

Exercise 4: Read the following paragraph and choose the correct answer A, B, C or D for each of the gaps

Nowadays, more and more students are (1) _____ in studying abroad because they think (2)_____ studying abroad is better than studying local universities of our country. Nevertheless, student often have their own decisions (3) _____ where to study. They have own reasons to study locally or abroad. There are (4) _____ advantages and disadvantages of studying abroad. There are many local universities (5)_____ have excellent quality, so students can have a variety of options. The cost of studying in local universities can be (6)_____ than that of studying in universities abroad. For example, students do not need to pay for their living cost. Students (7)_____ study abroad are expose to culture shock and they will have communication barrier. In (8)_____, you will miss your friends and family, feel homesick, at times lost or alienated.

1. A. interest	B. interested	C. interesting	D. interestingly
2. A. who	B. where	C. which	D. that
3. A. about	B. in	C. with	D. at
4. A. either	B. neither	C. both	D. from
5. A. which	B. when	C. where	D. what
6. A. cheap	B. cheapest	C. cheaper	D. cheaply
7. A. when	B. which	C. whom	D. who
8. A. adding	B. addition	C. additional	D. additionally

Exercise 5: Rewrite the following sentences without changing meaning

1. You'll be travelling across the Sahara next week so remember to wear lots of sunscreen (while)

Remember to wear lots of sunscreen.....across the Sahara next week!

2. They'll show Titan at the cinema and then they'll release the DVD. (before)

They won't release the DVD at the cinema.

3. When you visit us, we'll have moved into our new house. (by)

We'll have moved into our new houseyou visit us.

Exercise 6: Write the correct form or tense of the verbs in brackets.

1. By the time Alex finished his studies, he (be) in London for over eight years.

2. At the moment the population of the world (grow) at an increasing rate.

3. It (claim) that some doctors were working 80 hours a week.

4. My mother suggested I (throw) away some of the stuff in my closet.

5. While we (do) the maths test, the fire alarm (go) off.

Exercise 7: Read the text carefully then decide whether the statements are true (T) or false (F).

Spending your free time on the Internet can be fun. You can chat, share photos with friends, and play online games. But some people are addicted to the Internet. They just can't turn it off.

Being online for many hours at a time does not mean you have a problem. The Internet is very useful. Online, you can pay your bills, buy clothes, and read the news. There are many good reasons to spend time online. However, people with an Internet addiction are online too much. They don't spend time with their friends and family. Instead, they spend their time chatting with their Internet friends, people they have never met in real life. Some also play online games all day or night. Some people with Internet addictions even leave their jobs so they can spend even more time online! People with Internet addictions don't just go online to shop, have fun, or do work. People who have this problem often go online because they want to escape the stress and problems in their lives. Many internet addicts stop caring about their real lives, and focus only on their online lives.

One way Internet addicts can get help is by using special software. This software controls how much time someone can spend online. It tells the computer to turn off the internet after a certain amount time. This helps people focus on real life. The software's goal is to teach people to use the Internet for good reasons and not just as an escape.

1. People with Internet addiction spend most of their free time on the Internet.
2. Paying bills online is a useful way to use the Internet.
3. Internet addiction causes problems in one's daily life.
4. Most Internet addicts play online games all day or night.
5. Using special software is a way of helping people stop their Internet addiction.

Đáp án chi tiết bộ đề số 3:

Exercise 1:

1. C
2. A
3. B

Exercise 2:

1. D
2. C

Exercise 3:

1. B
2. C
3. D
4. C
5. B

6. A

Exercise 4:

1. B	2. D	3. A	4. C	5. A	6. C	7. D	8. B
------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------

Exercise 5:

1. Remember to wear lots of sunscreen while you travel across the Sahara next week!
2. They won't release the DVD before they have shown at the cinema.
3. We'll have moved into our new house by the time you visit us.

Exercise 6:

1. had been
2. is growing
3. was claimed
4. throw
5. were doing - went

Exercise 7:

1. F
2. T
3. T
4. F
5. T

Trên đây là bộ đề khảo sát chất lượng đầu năm lớp 9 môn Tiếng Anh (có đáp án) năm 2023 - Phần 1, tham khảo thêm nhiều bộ đề khảo sát chất lượng môn Tiếng anh và các môn khác được cập nhật liên tục tại chuyên trang của chúng tôi.

► Click vào nút [TẢI VỀ](#) để tải tài liệu bản full.

