

**Đề thi giữa kì 2 môn Tiếng Anh lớp 10 năm 2022 - Đề số 1**

**I. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in position the of the primary stress in each of the following questions.**

1. A. modernize      B. organize      C. indicate      D. continue
2. A. graduate      B. develop      C. consider      D. enable
3. A. concentrate      B. benefit      C. understand      D. mobilize
4. A. introduce      B. stimulate      C. recognize      D. emphasize
5. A. exercise      B. volunteer      C. calculate      D. interview

**II. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

6. You can download free lessons and put them in your media player or other similar mobile devices. Then you can listen and study anywhere because these devices are portable.

- A. affordable
- B. available
- C. feasible
- D. carriable

7. Personal electronic devices which distract students from their classwork are banned in most schools.

- A. forbid
- B. prohibit
- C. divert
- D. neglect

8. Permanent damage to children's body may be caused by frequent contact with electronic devices.

- A. Immediate
- B. Long-lasting
- C. Short-term
- D. Serious

9. If your smartphone rings in class, it will be very annoying and disruptive.

- A. interruptive
- B. supportive
- C. discouraging
- D. confusing

10. For very young children, electronic devices may help promote listening and speaking skills.

- A. advertise
- B. popularize
- C. discourage
- D. improve

**III. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.**

11. A tablet is perfect for people \_\_\_\_ work is to draw and write.

- A. who
- B. Ø
- C. which
- D. whose

12. You can access the Internet, download programs and information \_\_\_\_ can help you understand the material and widen your knowledge.

- A. what
- B. that
- C. Ø
- D. who

13. There are sites \_\_\_\_\_ you can record your own voice and listen to yourself.

- A. where
- B. when
- C. that
- D. which

14. My teacher, \_\_\_\_\_ has been teaching for 25 years, finds it hard to make use of electronic devices in her teaching.

- A. she
- B. who she
- C. who
- D. whose

15. That media player, \_\_\_\_\_ I often use to practice my English, has some great apps.

- A. Ø
- B. that
- C. what
- D. which

16. The interactive whiteboard involves students directly in work in front of the board, \_\_\_\_\_ most of them love.

- A. that

- B. Ø
- C. which
- D. whose

17. Qualifications are exam results \_\_\_\_\_ prove you have reached a certain level.

- A. which
- B. Ø
- C. that
- D. Both A and C

18. In the USA, a public school is a state school, \_\_\_\_\_ is run by the government and is free to attend.

- A. that
- B. which
- C. who
- D. Ø

19. This is the book in \_\_\_\_\_ Foster describes his experience of the war.

- A. that
- B. what
- C. where
- D. which

20. Isn't that Tim, the boy \_\_\_\_\_ father owns a huge yacht?

- A. whose
- B. his
- C. which

D. that

**IV. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.**

### **BECOMING AN EFFECTIVE STUDENT**

Learning how to study effectively is an essential skill for students in any discipline. There are six areas which are crucial to developing good study habits. Work on these and you will become an effective student.

#### **Targets**

Always set a realistic work target. Don't try to do too much. For example, plan to read one chapter of a book each evening rather than think about reading the whole book over the weekend. This kind of detailed, planned target is more effective than a **vague** commitment. It is sometimes helpful to tell your friends about your plan. This is a good incentive to keep you on target because they will know if you fail!

#### **Rewards**

Develop a system of small rewards for your work. For example, stop for a cup of coffee or tea, or listen to a favorite piece of music after one hour's study. Rewarding yourself for keeping to your work plan will make you feel good about yourself.

#### **Timing**

Make sure you choose a suitable time to study, i.e. when it is quiet and when you are most alert. Try to make this a regular, time-tabled part of your day. If you plan to start work at a certain time, say 7 pm, do not find reasons to put off getting started. You can watch a DVD later, and your emails are not urgent!

#### **Quantity**

A large task such as researching a new topic for an essay can be **daunting** - so daunting, in fact, that it can be difficult to sit down and make a start. Break the larger task down into several smaller ones. For example, make a list of questions that you will have to deal with in your essay, and then approach each question separately. This makes the work more manageable.

#### **Notes and Learning styles**

The books you are studying won't always present information in a way that suits your learning style. It is, therefore, worthwhile spending time making notes and organizing them in a way that suits you best. It is also a good idea to keep your notebooks neat and well-organized. This will make it much easier to retrieve information later.

## Revision

Don't leave revision until the last moment. When you set your study targets, allow regular revision time. This is much more effective than trying to **cram** before an exam.

21. How does the writer think you can develop good study habits?

- A. By setting a realistic work target
- B. By planning and considering your learning style
- C. By revising your work on a regular basis
- D. By taking into account six important areas

22. Why is it a good idea to tell other people about your work plan?

- A. They can help you develop a detailed target.
- B. They will be very helpful with your plan.
- C. They will know if you do not stick to your plan, which motivates you to reach the target.
- D. They will know how to help you avoid failing.

23. Which of the following words is closest in meaning to the word “vague” in paragraph 2?

- A. unrealistic
- B. inefficient
- C. unclear
- D. impractical

24. Timing includes all of the following EXCEPT \_\_\_\_.
- A. you must be able to think clearly at the chosen time to study
  - B. the best time to study is 7 p.m
  - C. the time to study should be made a routine
  - D. don't delay getting started
25. How can a complicated piece of work be made easier?
- A. Try to sit down and make a start anyway.
  - B. Make a list of questions beforehand.
  - C. Divide the large task into manageable smaller segments.
  - D. Manage the tasks one by one.
26. The word “daunting” in paragraph 5 is closest in meaning to which of the following?
- A. frightening
  - B. demanding
  - C. challenging
  - D. discouraging
27. What is NOT the benefit of keeping good class or lecture notes?
- A. The information is tailored to your learning style.
  - B. It enables you to find information quickly when needed.
  - C. The information is favorably organized to your liking.
  - D. You do not need to spend time on the books you are studying.
28. The most suitable phrase to replace the word "cram" in the last paragraph is \_\_\_\_.

- A. study hard in a short time
- B. stay up late to study
- C. revise hastily
- D. revise overnight

**V. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.**

**29.** Electronic dictionaries are now common in English classes. They can be very easily downloaded into your personal electronic device.

A. Electronic dictionaries which can be very easily downloaded into your personal electronic device are now common in English classes.

B. Electronic dictionaries, which can be very easily downloaded into your personal electronic device, are now common in English classes.

C. Electronic dictionaries, that can be very easily downloaded into your personal electronic device, are now common in English classes.

D. Electronic dictionaries can be very easily downloaded into your personal electronic device are now common in English classes.

**30.** Electronic devices are bad for your eyes. Their radiation is very harmful.

A. Electronic devices that their radiation is very harmful are bad for your eyes.

B. Electronic devices which their radiation is very harmful are bad for your eyes.

C. Electronic devices, whose radiation is very harmful, are bad for your eyes.

D. Electronic devices whose radiation is very harmful are bad for your eyes.



**Đáp án đề thi Tiếng Anh giữa học kì 2 lớp 10 năm 2022 (Đề số 1)**

<b>1D</b>	<b>2A</b>	<b>3C</b>	<b>4A</b>	<b>5B</b>	<b>6D</b>
<b>7C</b>	<b>8B</b>	<b>9A</b>	<b>10D</b>	<b>11D</b>	<b>12B</b>
<b>13A</b>	<b>14C</b>	<b>15D</b>	<b>16C</b>	<b>17D</b>	<b>18B</b>
<b>19D</b>	<b>20A</b>	<b>21D</b>	<b>22C</b>	<b>23A</b>	<b>24B</b>
<b>25C</b>	<b>26A</b>	<b>27D</b>	<b>28A</b>	<b>29B</b>	<b>30C</b>

**Đề thi Tiếng Anh 10 giữa học kì 2 năm 2022 - Đề số 2**

**I. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in position the of the primary stress in each of the following questions.**

- A. disposal      B. animal      C. energy      D. poverty
- A. awareness      B. solution      C. importance      D. happiness
- A. origin      B. dependence      C. harmony      D. factory
- A. replacement      B. pollutant      C. resident      D. depletion
- A. instrument      B. engineer      C. newsletter      D. family

**II. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.**

**6.** If you ask me, \_\_\_\_ waste is a much bigger problem than ordinary household waste.

- A. industrial
- B. business
- C. working
- D. manufacturing

**7.** Do you know what CFC \_\_\_\_?

- A. sets in

- B. does up
  - C. stands for
  - D. gets down
8. There's been a \_\_\_\_\_ in Germany and a village was completely destroyed.
- A. flood
  - B. drizzle
  - C. shower
  - D. smog
9. Dinosaurs have been \_\_\_\_\_ for millions of years.
- A. endangered
  - B. extinct
  - C. threatened
  - D. disappeared
10. As town grow, they tend to destroy the surrounding \_\_\_\_\_ areas.
- A. urban
  - B. commercial
  - C. land
  - D. rural
11. During the last hundred years we have done great \_\_\_\_\_ to the environment.
- A. injury
  - B. pollution
  - C. damage

D. hurt

12. There are lots of things we can all do to \_\_\_\_\_ the environment.

A. enhance

B. protect

C. make

D. build

13. Environmentalists are furious with the American Government for delaying measures which will reduce greenhouse gas \_\_\_\_\_.

A. exhaust fumes

B. smokes

C. wastes

D. emissions

14. The government is introducing strict new rules on the dumping of \_\_\_\_\_ by industry.

A. pesticides

B. exhaust fumes.

C. toxic waste

D. emissions

15. Farmers contribute to environmental damage by spraying \_\_\_\_\_ with \_\_\_\_\_, which stay in the soil for years.

A. agriculture – pesticides

B. agriculture - fertilizers

C. crops – fertilizers

D. crops - pesticides

**III. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.**

16. "I'm a big fan of U23." Derek said.

Derek said he \_\_\_\_\_ a big fan of U23.

- A. was
- B. has been
- C. were
- D. had been

17. "We're watching TV," said the twins.

The twins said they \_\_\_\_\_ TV.

- A. watched
- B. were watching
- C. have been watching
- D. had watched

18. "You've been annoying me all day!" my mum said.

My mum said I \_\_\_\_\_ her all day.

- A. annoyed
- B. was annoying
- C. have been annoying
- D. had been annoying

19. "The dog ate my homework!" said Ivan.

Ivan said the dog his homework.

- A. was eating

B. has eaten

C. ate

D. had eaten

**20.** "At one o'clock, I was having lunch," said Molly.

Molly said she \_\_\_\_\_ lunch at one o'clock.

A. had been having

B. has had

C. is having

D. has been having

**21.** "You'll get wet without an umbrella," Dad said.

Dad said I \_\_\_\_\_ wet without an umbrella.

A. will be getting

B. got

C. would be getting

D. would get

**22.** "He can juggle five balls!" said Angie.

Angie said he \_\_\_\_\_ five balls.

A. juggled

B. had juggled

C. would juggle

D. could juggle

**23.** "You must give me your essays," Mrs Vine said.

Mrs Vine said we \_\_\_\_\_ give her our essays.

- A. were having to
- B. would have to
- C. had to
- D. must

24. "Could you pass me the salt, please?" I asked the man next to me.

Tasked the man next to me \_\_\_\_\_ me the salt.

- A. pass
- B. if he passes
- C. to pass
- D. if he would pass

25. "Would you mind waiting for a moment?" the shop assistant asked the woman.

The shop assistant asked the woman \_\_\_\_\_ for a moment.

- A. to wait
- B. waiting
- C. if she waits
- D. if she minds waiting

**IV. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct response to each of the following exchanges.**

26. "Why don't we have a look at some websites for more information about the environment?" – " \_\_\_\_\_ "

- A. Yes, thanks.
- B. Yes, why not?

C. It's my pleasure.

D. Do we?

27. " \_\_\_\_ " - "By bus."

A. What did you take to get there?

B. Did you get there by motorbike?

C. How long did it take you to get there?

D. How did you get there?

28. "Hi, Jack. \_\_\_\_ " - "Not bad. And you?"

A. How's everything?

B. What's everything?

C. What do you do?

D. How do you do?

29. " \_\_\_\_ " - "That's a good idea."

A. What about recycling water for gardening?

B. Sorry, can I say something?

C. Glad to work with you.

D. Excuse me, I want to add something.

30. "Shall I empty the dustbin?" – “ \_\_\_\_ ”

A. Make yourself at home.

B. Nice to meet you!

C. It's very nice of you to do so.

D. Long time no see.

V. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

### THINK BEFORE YOU TOSS

Countries around the world have growing mountains of trash because people are throwing out more trash than ever before. How did we become a throwaway society?

First of all, it is now easier to replace an item than to spend time and money to repair it. Thanks to modern manufacturing and technology, companies are able to produce items quickly and inexpensively. Products are plentiful and prices are low, so we would rather buy something new than repair it. Even if we did want to repair something, many items are almost impossible to repair. These products contain many tiny, complicated parts. Some even contain small computer chips. It's easier to throw these items away and buy new ones than to fix them.

Another contributing factor is our love of disposable products. As busy people, we are always looking for ways to save time and make our lives easier. Why should we use cloth kitchen towels? It's easier to use paper towel once and toss it out. Companies manufacture thousands of different kinds of **disposable** items: paper plates, plastic cups, cameras, and razors for shaving, to name a few. The problem is that disposable products also contribute to our trash problem.

Our **appetite** for new products also contributes to the problem. We are addicted to buying things. As consumers, we want the latest clothes, the best TVs, and cellphones with west features. Companies tell us to buy, buy, and buy. Advertisements persuade us wer is better. The result is that we throw away useful possessions to make room for new ones.

31. Which of the following is NOT a reason for people to replace a broken item?

- A. Products are now mass produced at affordable prices.
- B. It takes almost no time to fix broken items.
- C. Many items are too complicated to repair.
- D. Some products contain tiny, complicated chips.

32. All of the following are disposable products, EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_.



- A. cloth kitchen towels
  - B. paper plates
  - C. plastic cups
  - D. razors for shaving
- 33.** The word “disposable” in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_.
- A. convenient
  - B. inexpensive
  - C. throwaway
  - D. single-use
- 34.** Why are we hooked on buying new things?
- A. We throw the old items to make room for the new ones.
  - B. We have more money than ever before.
  - C. We want to own as many things as possible.
  - D. We are made to believe that the new is the better.
- 35.** The word “appetite” in the last paragraph can be best replaced by \_\_\_\_.
- A. need
  - B. demand
  - C. desire
  - D. taste

**Đáp án đề thi giữa kì 2 Tiếng Anh lớp 10 năm 2022 (Đề số 2)**

<b>1A</b>	<b>2D</b>	<b>3B</b>	<b>4C</b>	<b>5B</b>	<b>6A</b>	<b>7C</b>
<b>8A</b>	<b>9B</b>	<b>10D</b>	<b>11C</b>	<b>12B</b>	<b>13D</b>	<b>14C</b>
<b>15D</b>	<b>16B</b>	<b>17B</b>	<b>18D</b>	<b>19D</b>	<b>20A</b>	<b>21D</b>
<b>22D</b>	<b>23C</b>	<b>24C</b>	<b>25A</b>	<b>26B</b>	<b>27D</b>	<b>28A</b>
<b>29A</b>	<b>30C</b>	<b>31B</b>	<b>32A</b>	<b>33D</b>	<b>34D</b>	<b>35C</b>