

Bộ câu hỏi trắc nghiệm Tiếng Anh 11 Unit 5: Illiteracy

A. Phonetics and Speaking

Đề bài Choose the word which is stressed differently from the rest.

Question 1:

- A. confidence
- B. celebrate
- C. effective
- D. handicapped

Question 2:

- A. pesticide
- B. maintenance
- C. messenger
- D. consumption

Question 3:

- A. benefit
- B. badminton
- C. beverage
- D. ambition

Question 4:

- A. decorate
- B. delicious
- C. decisive
- D. construction

Question 5:

- A. business
- B. embarrass
- C. dominant
- D. decorate

Question 6:

- A. guarantee
- B. inhibit
- C. illegal
- D. invader

Question 7:

- A. national
- B. beautiful
- C. chemical
- D. disaster

Question 8:

- A. inflation
- B. instruction
- C. efficient
- D. influence

Question 9:

- A. attitude
- B. envelope
- C. reluctant

D. regular

Question 10:

A. occasion

B. occurrence

C. occupy

D. remember

Question 11:

A. sneaky

B. floppy

C. icing

D. embrace

Question 12:

A. loyalty

B. constancy

C. acquaintance

D. confidence

Question 13:

A. gossip

B. interest

C. between

D. friendship

Question 14:

A. unselfish

B. sympathy

- C. quality
- D. principle

Question 15:

- A. mutual
- B. advantage
- C. possible
- D. generous

▶▶▶ ĐÁP ÁN:

1.C 2.D 3.D 4.A 5.B 6.A 7.D 8.D 9.C 10.C 11.D 12.C 13.C 14.A 15.B

B. Vocabulary and Grammar

Question 1: I turned down the job, _____ the attractive salary.

- A. because
- B. because of
- C. despite
- D. although

Question 2: He doesn't catch anything. = He never catches _____

- A. nothing
- . anything
- C. something
- D. everything

Question 3: He could do nothing . = He couldn't do _____

- A . something
- B. nothing
- C. anything

D. everything

Question 4: The lifeguard _____ them not to swim too far from the shore.

A. warned

B. said

C. suggested

D. proposed

Question 5: He _____ me to have dinner with him that night.

A. hoped

B. agreed

C. offered

D. invited

Question 6: Carlos was _____ the first prize in the essay competition.

A. disappointed

B. completed

C. excited

D. awarded

Question 7: The number of injuries from automobile accidents _____ every year.

A. increases

B. decrease

C. control

D. limit

Question 8: _____ is work that involves studying something and trying to discover facts about it.

A. Resource

- B. Research
- C. Organization
- D. Figure

Question 9: Time was up, and the judges _____ the results.

- A. announced
- B. spoke
- C. declared
- D. delivered

Question 10: Each nation has its own way of _____ the New Year.

- A. eating
- B. celebrating
- C. preparing
- D. cooking

Question 11: Domestic appliances like washing machines and dishwashers have made _____ life much easier.

- A. the
- B. a
- C. Ø
- D. an

Question 12: Peter is disappointed at not getting the job, but he will _____ it soon.

- A. take on
- B. get over
- C. go through
- D. come over

Question 13: I am not used to the cold weather here, so I need to have a heating system ____.

- A. installed
- B. serviced
- C. developed
- D. repaired

Question 14: Linda is thanking Daniel for his birthday present. - Linda: "Thanks for the book. I've been looking for it for months."- Daniel: "_____."

- A. You can say that again
- B. Thank you for looking for it
- C. I like reading books
- D. I'm glad you like it

Question 15: We all believe that a happy marriage should be _____ mutual love.

- A. based on
- B. concerned with
- C. confided in
- D. obliged to

▶▶▶ ĐÁP ÁN:

1.C 2.B 3.C 4.A 5.D 6.D 7.A 8.D 9.A 10.B 11.C 12.B 13.A 14.D 15.A

C. Reading

Đề bài Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

In developing countries, where three fourths of the world's population live, sixty percent of the people who can't read and write are women. Being illiterate doesn't mean they are not intelligent. It does mean it is difficult for them to change their lives. They produce more than half of the food. In Africa eighty percent of all agricultural work is done by women. There are many programs to help poor countries develop their agriculture. However, for years, these programs provided money and training for men.

In parts of Africa, this is a typical day for a village woman. At 4:45 a.m, she gets up, washes and eats. It takes her a half hour to walk to the fields, and she works there until 3:00 p.m. She collects firewood and gets home at 4:00. She spends the next hour and a half preparing food to cook. Then she collects water for another hour. From 6:30 to 8:30 she cooks. After dinner, she spends an hour washing the dishes and her children. She goes to bed at 9:30 p.m.

International organizations and programs run by developed nations are starting to help women, as well as men, improve their agricultural production. Governments have already passed some laws affecting women because of the UN Decade for Women. The UN report will affect the changes now happening in the family and society.

Question 1: What does the word "run" in the last paragraph mean?

- A. move quickly
- B. push
- C. managed
- D. organized

Question 2: Why do people say women produce more than half of the food in Africa?

- A. because 60 percent of women are illiterate.
- B. because 80 percent of all agricultural work is done by women.
- C. most women are not intelligent.
- D. all are correct.

Question 3: Why do people say that African women's lives are hard?

- A. Because these women are busy with housework.
- B. Because they work all day in the fields.
- C. both A and B are correct.
- D. Because they are illiterate.

Question 4: A typical African woman spends _____ collecting firewood every day.

- A. 3 hour
- B. 2 hours
- C. 1 hour

D. 4 hours

Question 5: Which of these statements is NOT TRUE?

- A. Women's roles in the family and society are changing nowadays.
- B. It is difficult for women to change their lives because of their illiteracy.
- C. In the past only men in poor countries got benefit from many international programs.
- D. Because they are illiterate, women are not intelligent.

Question 6: By whom (what) was the Decade for Women organized?

- A. by the United Nations Organization.
- B. by developing countries
- C. by the World Health Organization.
- D. by many African countries.

Question 7: The passage would most likely be followed by details about _____.

- A. changes in life between men and women in the family and in the society
- B. negative effects of the UNO law
- C. positive effects of the roles of women
- D. women and men's roles in their family

Đề bài Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

In Science, a theory is a reasonable explanation of observed events that are related. A theory often involves an imaginary model that helps scientists picture the way an observed event could be produced. A good example of this is found in the kinetic molecular theory, in which gases are pictured as being made up of many small particles that are in constant motion.

After a theory has been publicized, scientists design experiments to test the theory. If observations confirm the scientists' predictions, the theory is supported. If observations do not confirm the predictions, the scientists must search further. There may be a fault in the experiment, or the theory may have to be revised or rejected.

Science involves imagination and creative thinking as well as collecting information and performing experiments. Facts by themselves are not science. As the mathematician Jules Henri

Poincare said: "Science is built with facts just as a house is built with bricks, but a collection of facts cannot be called science any more than a pile of bricks can be called a house."

Most scientists start an investigation by finding out what other scientists have learned about a particular problem. After known facts have been gathered, the scientist comes to the part of the investigation that requires considerable imagination. Possible solutions to the problem are formulated. These possible solutions are called hypotheses. In a way, any hypothesis is a leap into the unknown. It extends the scientist's thinking beyond the known facts. The scientist plans experiments, performs calculations, and makes observations to test hypotheses. For without hypotheses, further investigation lacks purpose and direction. When hypotheses are confirmed, they are incorporated into theories.

Question 8: Which of the following is the main subject of the passage?

- A. The importance of models in scientific theories.
- B. The sorts of facts that scientists find most interesting.
- C. The ways that scientists perform different types of experiments.
- D. The place of theory and hypothesis in scientific investigation.

Question 9: The word "related" in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. described
- B. identified
- C. connected
- D. completed

Question 10: According to the second paragraph, a useful theory is one that helps scientists to _____.

- A. observe events
- B. publicize new findings
- C. make predictions
- D. find errors in past experiments

Question 11: The word "supported" in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. upheld
- B. finished

- C. adjusted
- D. investigated

Question 12: “Bricks” are mentioned in paragraph 3 to indicate how _____.

- A. science is more than a collection of facts
- B. scientific experiments have led to improved technology
- C. mathematicians approach science
- D. building a house is like performing experiments

Question 13: In the fourth paragraph, the author implies that imagination is most important to scientists when they _____.

- A. formulate possible solutions to a problem
- B. evaluate previous work on a problem
- C. close an investigation
- D. gather known facts

Question 14: In the last paragraph, what does the author imply is a major function of hypotheses?

- A. Linking together different theories.
- B. Communicating a scientist's thoughts to others.
- C. Providing direction for scientific research.
- D. Sifting through known facts.

Question 15: Which of the following statements is supported by the passage?

- A. Theories are simply imaginary models of past events.
- B. A scientist's most difficult task is testing hypotheses.
- C. A good scientist needs to be creative.
- D. It is better to revise a hypothesis than to reject it

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1.C 2.B 3.C 4.C 5.D 6.A 7.A 8.D 9.C 10.A 11.A 12.A 13.A 14.C 15.C

D. Writing

Đề bài Choose the best sentence that can be made from the words given

Question 1: the U.S population / grow / 250 million / 1991

- A. The U.S population grew to around 250 million in 1991.
- B. The U.S population is growing around 250 million in 1991.
- C. The U.S. population has grown to around 250 million in 1991.
- D. The U.S. population grew to around 250 million for 1991.

Question 2: over 10% / population / can not read / write

- A. More than 10% of population can not read nor write at all.
- B. About 10% in the population can not read or write at all.
- C. Over 10% of the population can not read and write at all.
- D. Over 10 % in the population can not read but write at any rate.

Question 3: the illiteracy rate / Indian youth / 76.4% / 2000 and 2004

- A. The illiteracy rate of the Indian youth that was 76.4% among the year 2000 and 2004.
- B. So then, the literacy rate of the Indian youth was 76.4% in 2000 and 2004.
- C. Due to the illiteracy of the Indian youth was 76.4% between 2000 and 2004.
- D. The illiteracy rate of the Indian youth was 76.4% between 2000 and 2004.

Question 4: Kerale / record / impressive / 90.92% illiteracy rate / 2001

- A. Kerala was recorded an impressive 90.92% illiteracy rate in 2001.
- B. Kerala was recorded was an impressive 90.92% illiteracy rate in 2001.
- C. Kerala, which was recorded an impressive 90.92% illiteracy rate in 2001.
- D. In Kerala was recorded an impressive 90.92% illiteracy rate in 2001.

Question 5: enclose / telephone number / e-mail address

- A. Enclosing your telephone number and e-mail address.
- B. Please enclose your telephone number and e-mail address.
- C. Let's enclose your telephone number and e-mail address.
- D. Do you want to enclose your telephone number and e-mail address.

Question 6: I / hope / hear / you

- A. I hope to hear from you soon.
- B. I hope so that I hear from you soon.
- C. I will hope so as to hear from you soon.
- D. I am hoping to hear from you soon.

Question 7: the competition / begin / 8. 00 pm

- A. The competition will begin when 8.00 pm.
- B. The competition that will begin at 8.00 pm.
- C. The competition will be beginning at 8.00 pm
- D. The competition will begin at 8.00 pm.

Question 8: you / want / take part in / the competition / contact us soon

- A. Due to you want to take part in the competition you can contact us
- B. Because of you want to take part in the competition, contact us soon.
- C. If you want to take part in the competition, please contact us soon.
- D. Although you want to take part in the competition, please contact us soon.

Question 9: the chart / the distribution / the population / regions

- A. The chart that indicates the distribution of the population by regions.
- B. Although the chart indicates the distribution of the population in regions.
- C. The chart indicates which the distribution of the population among regions.
- D. The chart indicates the distribution of the population by regions.

Question 10: it / see / the chart / the distribution / uneven

- A. It can see in the chart that the distribution is uneven
- B. It saw from the chart which the distribution s uneven.
- C. It must be seen in the chart by the distribution is uneven.
- D. It can be seen from the chart that the distribution is uneven.

Question 11: rrive / 7.00 am / we / make some arrangements

- A. Please arrive at 7.00 am so that we can make some arrangements.
- B. To arrive at 7.00 am so as that we can make some arrangements.
- C. When arriving at 7.00 am so that we can make some arrangements.
- D. Please arrive at 7.00 am in case we can make some arrangements.

Question 12: the competition / hold / 106 Tran Hung Dao Street, Hoan Kiem District / next Sunday.

- A. The competition that will be held at 106 Tran Hung Dao Street, Hoan Kiem District next Sunday.
- B. In case the competition will be held at 106 Tran Hung Dao Street, Hoan Kiem District next Sunday.
- C. The competition will be held at 106 Tran Hung Dao Street, Hoan Kiem District next Sunday.
- D. As soon as the competition will be held at 106 Tran Hung Dao Street, Hoan Kiem District next Sunday.

Question 13: I / write / ask you / some more information / the competition

- A. I am writing so that to ask you some more information about the competition.
- B. I would like to write for I can ask you some more information about the competition.
- C. I will write in order to I ask you some more information about the competition.
- D. I am writing to ask you some more information about the competition.

Question 14: I / learn / you / hold / an English Speaking Competition / next Sunday.

- A. I learnt that you will hold an English Speaking Competition when next Sunday.

- B. I have just learnt that you will hold an English Speaking Competition next Sunday.
- C. As I am learnt that you will hold an English Speaking Competition next Sunday.
- D. I have just learnt which you will hold an English Speaking Competition next Sunday.

Question 15: the government / spend / a lot of money / the struggle / illiteracy

- A. The government would like to spend a lot of money on the struggle for illiteracy.
- B. The government spent a lot of money for the struggle with illiteracy.
- C. However, the government will spend a lot of money in the struggle on illiteracy.
- D. The government has spent a lot of money on the struggle against illiteracy.

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1.A 2.C 3.D 4.A 5.B 6.A 7.D 8.C 9.D 10.D 11.A 12.C 13.D 14.B 15.D