

*Bộ câu hỏi trắc nghiệm Tiếng Anh 11 Unit 3: A Party*

## A. Phonetics and Speaking

**Đề bài** Choose the word whose main stress pattern is not the same as that of the others.

**Question 1:**

- A. celebrating
- B. anniversary
- C. marriage
- D. gathering

**Question 2:**

- A. finish
- B. prefer
- C. invite
- D. enjoy

**Question 3:**

- A. organize
- B. decorate
- C. divorce
- D. promise

**Question 4:**

- A. party
- B. birthday
- C. happy
- D. activity

**Question 5:**

- A. refreshment
- B. horrible
- C. exciting
- D. intention

**Question 6:**

- A. understanding
- B. anniversary
- C. experience
- D. celebration

**Question 7:**

- A. invite
- B. intimate
- C. divorce
- D. imagine

**Question 8:**

- A. inflation
- B. instruction
- C. efficient
- D. influence

**Question 9:**

- A. attitude
- B. envelope
- C. reluctant

D. regular

**Question 10:**

A. occasion

B. occurrence

C. occupy

D. remember

**Question 11:**

A. financial

B. competent

C. commitment

D. commercial

**Question 12:**

A. genuine

B. kangaroo

C. generous

D. fortunate

**Question 13:**

A. incredible

B. wilderness

C. survival

D. policeman

**Question 14:**

A. opponent

B. horizon

C. synchronized

D. canoe

**Question 15:**

A. applicant

B. acacia

C. eternal

D. outstanding

**▶▶▶ ĐÁP ÁN:**

1.A 2.A 3.C 4.D 5.B 6.C 7.B 8.D 9.C 10.C 11.B 12.B 13.B 14.C 15.A

**B. Vocabulary and Grammar**

**Đề bài** Choose the one word or phrase - A, B, C, or D - that best completes the sentences or substitutes for the underlined word or phrase.

**Question 1:** On my birthday, before I blew \_\_\_\_\_ the candles, I had prayed for my future and my family.

A. on

B. out

C. in

D. at

**Question 2:** \_\_\_\_\_ is all that most human beings are looking for.

A. Happiness

B. Happy

C. Happily

D. Unhappy

**Question 3:** We always celebrate our wedding \_\_\_\_\_ with dinner in an expensive restaurant every year.

- A. party
- B. anniversary
- C. cake
- D. ring

**Question 4: The climax of the New Year \_\_\_\_\_ was a firework display.**

- A. celebrate
- B. celebration
- C. celebrator
- D. celebratory

**Question 5: A/An \_\_\_\_\_ is a special enjoyable event that people organize because something pleasant has happened or because it is someone's birthday or anniversary.**

- A. chance
- B. celebration
- C. occasion
- D. gift

**Question 6: Could you keep \_\_\_\_\_ while I'm on the phone, please? Don't make so much noise**

- A. quiet
- B. enjoyable
- C. happy
- D. comfortable

**Question 7: The newlywed \_\_\_\_\_ spent their honeymoon in Hawaii.**

- A. pair
- B. two
- C. double

D. couple

**Question 8: Do you remember how we used to go to the cinema \_\_\_\_\_?**

A. each other

B. one another

C. others

D. together

**Question 9: Because of the drought, many people starved to \_\_\_\_\_.**

A. die

B. dead

C. deadly

D. death

**Question 10: I can't stand people with no \_\_\_\_\_ of humor.**

A. ability

B. sense

C. spirit

D. keenness

**Question 11: She found it difficult to get \_\_\_\_\_ with new friends.**

A. acquaint

B. acquainted

C. acquaintance

D. acquaints

**Question 12: My friend often shows her \_\_\_\_\_ whenever I have troubles.**

A. sympathy

B. sympathize

- C. sympathetic
- D. sympathetically

**Question 13: He does not know much about the project but he is very \_\_\_\_\_.**

- A. enthusiastic
- B. enthusiast
- C. enthusiasm
- D. enthusiastically

**Question 14: Daisy is so \_\_\_\_\_. She only cares about herself, not about other people.**

- A. helpful
- B. selfish
- C. loyal
- D. talkative

**Question 15: She is not determined and often changes her ideas. What a/an \_\_\_\_\_ girl she is!**

- A. uncertain
- B. mutual
- C. suspicious
- D. changeable

**▶▶▶ ĐÁP ÁN:**

1.B 2.A 3.B 4.B 5.B 6.A 7.D 8.D 9.D 10.B 11.B 12.A 13.A 14.B 15.A

**C. Reading**

**Đề bài** Read the passage carefully, then choose the correct answer.

Going to party can be fun and enjoyable. If you are invited to a party, do call your host up early to inform him/her of whether you are going. If you want to bring someone who has not been invited along with you, you should ask for permission first. Remember to dress appropriately for the party.

You will stick out like a sore thumb if you are dressed formally whereas everyone else is in T-shirt and jeans. If you are not sure what to wear, do ask your host.

During the party you may perhaps like to help your host by offering to serve drinks or wash the dishes. Your host would certainly appreciate these efforts. If you happen to be in a party you do not know anyone, do not try to monopolize the host's attention. This is inconsiderate since your host has many people to attend to and can not spend all his/ her time with you. Instead, learn to mingle with others at the party. You could try breaking the ice by introducing yourself to someone who is friendly-looking.

Before you leave the party, remember to thank your host first. If you have the time, you could even offer to help your host clean up the place.

**Question 1: If you are invited to a party, you should \_\_\_\_\_.**

- A. take someone with you
- B. ask for your parents' permission first
- C. bring a small gift
- D. call to confirm your arrival

**Question 2: According to the passage, if you are dressed differently from everybody at the party, \_\_\_\_\_.**

- A. you will make people notice you
- B. people may be attached to you
- C. you will feel uncomfortable
- D. you shouldn't pay attention to your clothes

**Question 3: What should you do if you are in a party?**

- A. Talk to your host as much as possible.
- B. Move around and talk to other guests.
- C. Try to break the ice up.
- D. Just make friends with friendly-looking people.

**Question 4: The phrase 'break the ice' means \_\_\_\_\_.**

- A. make friends



- B. attract people's attention
- C. make people feel more relaxed
- D. establish a relationship

**Question 5: Which of the following is not true according to the passage?**

- A. You shouldn't bring someone who hasn't been invited along with you to a party.
- B. You should help your host with the wash-up or clean-up.
- C. You shouldn't be very clearly different from everyone at the party.
- D. You shouldn't leave without showing your gratitude to your host.

**Đề bài** Read the passage carefully and choose the correct answer.

REMEMBER?

Your mind's ability to bring back experiences you have had is your memory. There are two kinds of remembering, recall and recognition. For instance, you may not be able to recall the poem you read yesterday in class, but if you see it again, you will know it instantly because you recognize it.

Some few people have 'total recall,' often spoken of as photographic memory. A person with total recall can recite a whole page of a book he has read only once, or play a musical composition after hearing it once. This is very unusual, however, and most people have difficulty in remembering even names they heard the day before. This is not because most people lack the ability to remember, but because they had not paid much attention to what they heard. They felt no personal reasons to remember. Having a personal reason for remembering is one of the most important factors in a good memory.

When you have a strong reason for remembering, concentrate as you read or listen, and try to connect the new information to things you I already know. A detail is easy to remember when it fits into a whole that makes sense. If you understand the entire history lesson before you try to remember any particular dates, your memory may surprise you.

**Question 6: While not directly stated, it may be inferred from the article that \_\_\_\_\_.**

- A. details are more easily remembered by fitting them into a whole
- B. recall and recognition are the same thing
- C. wanting to do a thing is very important to being able to do it
- D. if he will try hard enough, one man can remember as well as Mother

**Question 7: This article as a whole tells us about \_\_\_\_\_.**

- A. people who can remember whole pages
- B. people who can't remember names
- C. our memory and how to improve it
- D. recognition and recall

**Question 8: A person with photographic memory is \_\_\_\_\_.**

- A. can only remember things if he looks at a photograph
- B. can remember every detail of what he sees or hears
- C. can be found in mental hospitals
- D. brings his camera everywhere he goes

**Question 9: One way to improve our memory is \_\_\_\_\_**

- A. to ask other people to repeat something you want to remember.
- B. to have a camera with you all the time
- C. to concentrate on what you hear or read
- D. to learn everything by heart

**Question 10: Which sentence is not true?**

- A. If you can't remember things, you have no memory.
- B. Recognition and recall are the two kinds of memory.
- C. Total recall is remembering something in its entirety.
- D. A person can remember anything better if he has a strong reason for doing it.

**Đề bài** Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

Research has shown that over half the children in Britain who take their own lunches to school do not eat (1)\_\_\_\_\_ in the middle of the day. In Britain schools have to (2)\_\_\_\_\_ meals at lunchtime. Children can choose to bring their own food or have lunch at the school canteen. One shocking finding of this research is that school meals are much healthier than lunches prepared by parents. There are strict (3) \_\_\_ for the preparation of school meals, which have to include one (4) \_\_\_ of fruit and one of vegetables, as well as meat, a dairy item and starchy food like bread or pasta.

Lunchboxes (5) \_\_\_ by researchers contained sweet drinks, crisps and chocolate bars. Children consume twice as much sugar as they should at lunchtime.

**Question 11:**

- A. appropriately
- B. properly
- C. probably
- D. possibly

**Question 12:**

- A. give
- B. provide
- C. make
- D. do

**Question 13:**

- A. standards
- B. procedures
- C. conditions
- D. regulations

**Question 14:**

- A. piece
- B. portion
- C. helping
- D. amount

**Question 15:**

- A. examined

- B. eaten
- C. taken
- D. investigated

**▶▶▶ ĐÁP ÁN:**

1.D 2.A 3.C 4.D 5.A 6.D 7.C 8.B 9.C 10.A 11.B 12.B 13.A 14.B 15.A

**D. Writing**

**Đề bài** Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

There are a number of options when it refers to choosing childcare. These range from child minders and nannies through to Granny or the kind lady across the street. In reality, however, many parents do not have any choice; they have to accept anything they can get. Be prepared! No (1)\_\_\_\_\_ how good the childcare may be, some children are going to protest wildly if they are left. This is a (2)\_\_\_\_\_ normal stage of child development. Babies separate well in the first six months, but soon after that they start to get a crush on Mum and close family (3)\_\_\_\_\_. Make sure that in the first week, you allow plenty of time to help your child settle in. All children are different. Some are independent, while others are more (4)\_\_\_\_\_ to their mothers. Remember that if you want to do the best for your children, it's not the quantity of time you spend with them; it's the (5)\_\_\_\_\_ that matters.

**Question 1:**

- A. way
- B. matter
- C. surprise
- D. exception

**Question 2:**

- A. perfectly
- B. extremely
- C. very
- D. certainly

**Question 3:**

- A. people
- B. adults
- C. members
- D. grown-ups

**Question 4:**

- A. used
- B. attached
- C. keen
- D. fond

**Question 5:**

- A. quality
- B. attitude
- C. behavior
- D. manner

**Đề bài** Choose the answer - a, b, c, or d - that is nearest in meaning to the printed before it.

**Question 6: We regret we cannot accept payment by credit card for sales of under \$10.**

- A. If you spend more than \$10, you must pay by credit card.
- B. We make a charge if you pay by credit card.
- C. We prefer cash payment for large sales.
- D. If you spend less than \$10, you cannot pay by credit card.

**Question 7: There's no point in persuading him to do this.**

- A. He is able to do this although he does not want to.
- B. It would be useful to persuade him to do this.
- C. I enjoy persuading him to do this.

D. It is useless to persuade him to do this.

**Question 8: Those students should be punished for what they have done.**

- A. Those students should have done what they were punished for.
- B. What those students have done will give them some punishment.
- C. Those students can't get away with what they have done.
- D. The things those students have done are kinds of punishment.

**Question 9: Not many people attended the meeting.**

- A. People didn't show up for the meeting.
- B. There was a poor turn-out for the meeting.
- C. Too many people turned out at the meeting.
- D. Hardly did people come to the meeting.

**Question 10: That young man is bound to fail in this test.**

- A. There is no way that young man can succeed in this test.
- B. Certainly, that young man will pass this test.
- C. It would be impossible for that young man to fail this test.
- D. That young man almost failed in this test.

**Đề bài** Choose the best sentence -a, b, c, or d - made from the given cues.

**Question 11: She/ not stand/ keep/ wait/ such/ long//**

- a. She doesn't stand keeping to wait for such a long time.
- b. She can't stand being kept to wait such long time.
- c. She can't stand being kept waiting for such a long time.
- d. She can't stand keeping waiting for such long time.

**Question 12: By/ work/ day and night/ they/ succeed/ finish/ project / time//**

- a. By the work day and night they succeeded to finish a project on time.

- b. By working day and night they succeeded in finishing the project in time.
- c. By the work day and night they succeeded to finish the project in time.
- d. By working day and night they succeeded finishing their project on time.

**Question 13: We/ regret/ tell/ you/ your request/ tax refund/ reject//**

- a. We regret to tell you that your request for a tax refund has been rejected.
- b. We regret telling you that your request for a tax refund has been rejected.
- c. We regretted to tell you that your request in tax refund had been rejected.
- d. We regretted to have told that your request for tax refund was rejected.

**Question 14: He/ better/ not go/ school/ because/ feel unwell//**

- a. He'd better not to go to school because he is feeling unwell.
- b. He'd better to not go to school because of his feeling unwell.
- c. He'd better not going to school because he was feeling unwell.
- d. He'd better not go to school because he is feeling unwell.

**Question 15: I/ see/ that film/ three times/ I/ go/ see/ again/ next week//**

- a. I saw that film three times but I'm going to see again next week.
- b. I've seen this film three times but I'm going to see it again next week.
- c. I've seen this film for three times and I'm going to see it again next week.
- d. I had seen this film for three times and I'll go to see it again next.

▶▶▶ **ĐÁP ÁN:**

1.B 2.D 3.C 4.B 5.D 6.D 7.D 8.B 9.D 10.A 11.C 12.D 13.A 14.D 15.B