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Bộ 60 câu hỏi trắc nghiệm Tiếng Anh 9 Unit 5: The media
Bài tập Trắc nghiệm Unit 5: Phonetics and Speaking
Bài 1. Choose the word which is pronounced differently from the others.

## Question 1.

A. find
B. kind
C. blind
D. first

## Question 2.

A. supper
B. hungry
C. pull
D. sun

## Question 3.

A. television
B. pressure
C. pleasure
D. leisure

## Question 4.

A. check
B. Christmas
C. chemistry
D. anchor

## Question 5.

A. honor
B. hour
C. honest
D. hope

## Question 6.

A. tense
B. decision
C. skill
D. house-keeping

## Question 7.

A. stressed
B. tense
C. concentrate
D. self-aware

## Question 8.

A. delighted
B. helpline
C. advice
D. decision

## Question 9.

A. classmate
B. pressure
C. embarrass
D. missing
$\rightarrow$ ĐÁP ÁN:
1.D 2.C 3.B 4.A 5.D 6.A 7.B 8.D 9.B

Bài 2. Pick out the word that has the main stressed syllable different from the others Question 1.
A. purpose
B. remote
C. control
D. respond

## Question 2.

A. intermediate
B. documentary
C. psychedelic
D. communicate

## Question 3.

A. inspiration
B. collection
C. reputation
D. limitation

## Question 4.

A. scenery
B. dormitory
C. minority
D. territory

## Question 5.

A. interactive
B. experience
C. commercial
D. linguistics

Question 6.
A. empathise
B. embarrassed
C. cognitive
D. adulthood

## - DÁP ÁN:

1.A 2.D 3.B 4.C 5.A 6.B

Bài tập Trắc nghiệm Unit 5: Vocabulary and Grammar

## Choose the best option to complete these following sentences

Question 1. How much time do you spend $\qquad$ the web a day?
A. clicking
B. skiing
C. entering
D. surfing

Question 2. Do you find the internet $\qquad$ , Nam?
A. use
B. used
C. useful
D. usefully

Question 3. I don't like watching boxing matches on TV because they are $\qquad$
A. violent
B. violence
C. exciting
D. interesting

Question 4. The "Kien Thuc Ngay Nay" is $\qquad$ read by both teenagers and adults
A. wide
B. widely
C. widen
D. widened

Question 5. We can communicate with friends by $\qquad$ of e-mail
A. means
B. paths
C. methods
D. uses

Question 6. Many countries in Asia agreed to $\qquad$ diplomatic relations.
A. give up
B. set up
C. deal with
D. over come

Question 7. It's not easy to $\qquad$ changes in technology.
A. go with
B. look through
C. keep up with
D. turn up

Question 8. Some people applied for the job, but two of them were $\qquad$
A. turned down
B. turned up
C. turned on
D. turned off

Question 9. If I $\qquad$ in your shoes, I'd take it easy and try to forget it.
A. are
B. am
C. were
D. have

Question 10. This book has $\qquad$ .
A. 56 papers
B. 56-papers
C. 56 - paper
D. 56 paper

Question 11. I will see you again. We are all looking forward $\qquad$ again.
A. to see you
B. for seeing you
C. to seeing you
D. seeing you

Question 12. Instead of $\qquad$ about the good news, Tom seemed to be indifferent.
A. exciting
B. to excise
C. being excited
D. to be excited

Question 13. If you've got a headache, why don't you try $\qquad$ an aspirin?
A. to take
B. taking
C. to be taken
D. being taken

Question 14. Those new students hope $\qquad$ in the school's sports activities.
A. to be included
B. including
C. being included
D. to include

Question 15. Would you mind not $\qquad$ on the radio until I've finished typing the document?
A. to turn
B. turning
C. being turned
D. to be turned

## - DÁP ÁN:

1.D 2.C 3.A 4.B 5.D 6.B 7.C 8.A 9.C 10.A 11.C 12.C 13.B 14.A 15.B

## Bài tập Trắc nghiệm Unit 5: Reading

Bài 1. Read the text, and identify whether the statements are true (T), false (F), or not given (NG).

On September 2, 1945, Viet Nam gained independence from France. President Ho Chi Minh decided that the three key priorities of the new, independent government would be: fighting against poverty, illiteracy, and invaders. His new driving philosophy for education was "an illiterate nation is a powerless one", and in October 1945 he issued a "Call for anti-illiteracy". The President's call was a success. Within one year, 75 thousand literacy classes were established with about 96 thousand teachers to help 2.5 million people learn to read and write.

During the years of French resistance (1946-1954), schools operated in demilitarized areas. They stopped teaching in French and created curriculum in Vietnamese. The government passed an education reform in 1950 with the goal of reducing the years of general education and concentrating on reading, writing, and calculating skills.

Question 1. One of the priorities was to make sure that people could read and write.
A. True
B. False
C. Not given

Question 2. President Ho Chi Minh thought that an illiterate nation did not have power to gain independence.
A. True
B. False
C. Not given

Question 3. Right before gaining the independence, President Ho Chi Minh called for a struggle against illiteracy.
A. True
B. False
C. Not given

Question 4. The majority of the population could read and write after the campaign of antiilliteracy.
A. True
B. False
C. Not given

Question 5. The education reform reduced the number of subjects.
A. True
B. False
C. Not given

Question 6. It also reduced the years of general education to ten years.
A. True
B. False
C. Not given

Question 7. According to the education reform, general education paid much attention to basic skills.
A. True
B. False
C. Not given

## $\rightarrow$ ĐÁP ÁN:

1.A 2.A 3.B 4.A 5.C 6.C 7.A

Bài 2. Read the text then choose the best answer to fill in the blanks.

## The Game of Squares

Either boys or girls, usually aged from seven to ten, play the two-person game of"Mandarin's Box". They draw a rectangle on the ground and (1)........... it into ten smallsquares called "rice fields" or "fish ponds".

They also draw two additional semi-circular boxesat the two (2). $\qquad$ of the rectangle, which are called"mandarin's boxes" - the game's name. Each person has 25 small pebbles and a bigger stone.

Each player places the stone in one of the mandarin's boxes and five small pebbles in each of the other squares. Then the game begins. The first player takes up the contents of one square on his or her side ofthe board, but not a mandarin's box and distributes the pebbles one by one,
(3).......... with the next square in (4)......... direction. Since each square contains five pebbles at the beginning, the first move will distribute five pebbles to the left or right.

After the last pebble is distributed, the player takes the contents of the following squareand repeats the distribution (5)............ But if the following square is one of the mandarin's boxes, the turn ends and passes to the other player.

If the last pebble falls into a square that precedes one empty square, the player wins all the contents of the square following the empty square and (6).........these pebbles from the board. However, if there are two or more empty squares in a row, the player (7)........ his or her turn.

Once a player has taken pebbles from the board, the turn is (8) $\qquad$ to the other player. If all five squares on one player's side of the board are emptied at any time, that player must place one pebble he or she has aside back in each of the five squares so that the game can resume.

The game (9). $\qquad$ until the two mandarins' boxes have both been (10). $\qquad$ At the end of the game, the player with more pebbles wins, with each of the large stones counting as ten points.

## Question 1.

A. share
B. divide
C. separate
D. leave

## Question 2.

A. ends
B. aims
C. small points
D. stops

## Question 3.

A. start
B. to start
C. starting
D. having started

## Question 4.

A. no
B. all
C. both
D. either

## Question 5.

A. action
B. process
C. change
D. method

## Question 6.

A. removes
B. disappears
C. leaves
D. ends

Question 7.
A. wins
B. succeeds
C. fails
D. loses

## Question 8.

A. gone
B. made
C. passed
D. handed

## $\rightarrow$ ĐÁP ÁN:

## 1.B 2.A 3.C 4.D 5.B 6.A 7.D 8.D

## Bài tập Trắc nghiệm Unit 5: Writing

Bài 1. Choose the best answer to complete these following sentences.
Question 1. Astronauts $\qquad$ in their spaceship, but they frequently work outside now.
A. were used to stay
B. used to stay
C. were staying
D. had used to stay

Question 2. People $\qquad$ that the earth is round before.
A. were not used to believe
B. used to believing
C. would not use to believe
D. did not use to believe

Question 3. Tuberculosis $\qquad$ incurable before.
A. use to be thought
B. used to be thought
C. used to think
D. use to think

Question 4. Formerly babies $\qquad$ of whooping cough.
A. have died
B. used to die
C. would die
D. both B and C

Question 5. These city girls are used $\qquad$ in the field.
A. to work
B. used to lie
C. would like
D. to working

## $\rightarrow$ DÁP ÁN:

1.B 2.D 3.B 4.B 5.D

Bài 2. Choose the word or phrase among A, B, Cor D that best fits the blank space in the following passage.

The changes that (1) $\qquad$ in schools have changed the roles of teachers. In the past, teachers used to be the (2) ........source of knowledge, the leader and educator of their students' school life. Nowadays, teachers provide information and show their students how to (3)....... it. Although they are still considered to be a kind of (4)........... in the class, they can be thought of as facilitators in the learning (5)...........

Another difference between the past and present tasks of teachers is represented by the technical (6) $\qquad$ they need to be able to use and handle effectively, such as computer, photocopier, PowerPoint, projectors, etc. Instead of teaching (7) $\qquad$ chalk, they need tobe an information technology expert.

One of the biggest challenges for teachers is that their role in the school management has also changed. The school needs them as individuals, who can make decisions and cope with the stress of the (8) $\qquad$ world of schools. At the same time teachers need to be able to work in teams, and (9).......... with colleagues and parents. A teacher has not only to instruct but also to (10) $\qquad$ the students with confidence and determination.

## Question 1.

A. existed
B. took place
C. occurring
D. took first place

## Question 2.

A. major
B. serious
C. first
D. large

## Question 3.

A. deal
B. solve
C. operate
D. handle

## Question 4.

A. attender
B. participant
C. leader
D. facilitator

## Question 5.

A. situation
B. experience
C. difficulties
D. process

## Question 6.

A. background
B. support
C. detail
D. drawing

## Question 7.

A. in
B. by
C. with
D. on

## Question 8.

A. change
B. changing
C. changes
D. changed

## Question 9.

A. help
B. assist
C. support
D. cooperate

Question 10.
A. inspire
B. impress
C. affect
D. influence

## - ĐÁP ÁN:

1.B 2.A 3.B 4.C 5.D 6.A 7.A 8.B 9.D 10.A

