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Bộ 60 câu hỏi trắc nghiệm Tiếng Anh 9 Unit 4: Learning a foreign language

Bài tập Trắc nghiệm Unit 4: Phonetics and Speaking

Bài 1. Choose the word which is pronounced differently from the others

Question 1.

- A. lecture
- B. cure
- C. furniture
- D. picture

Question 2.

- A. pause
- B. cause
- C. laugh
- D. naughty

Question 3.

- A. passage
- B. massage
- C. message

D. village

Question 4.

A. hear

B. wear

C. bear

D. pear

Question 5.

A. check

B. chair

C. chalk

D. character

►► ĐÁP ÁN:

1.B 2.C 3.B 4.B 5.D

Bài 2. Pick out the word that has the main stressed syllable different from the others

Question 1.

A. people

B. enough

C. picture

D. father

Question 2.

A. depend

B. begin

C. agree

D. happen

Question 3.

A. father

B. enjoy

C. attend

D. depend

Question 4.

A. determine

B. pagoda

C. fabulous

D. convenient

Question 5.

A. enjoy

B. picture

C. develop

D. determine

Question 6.

A. picture

B. people

C. agree

D. visit

Question 7.

A. aspect

B. passage

C. terrible

D. remember

Question 8.

A. center

B. institute

C. attend

D. everything

Question 9.

A. dormitory

B. experience

C. scenery

D. native

Question 10.

A. advance

B. amount

C. attend

D. campus

▶▶ ĐÁP ÁN:

1.B 2.D 3.A 4.C 5.B 6.C 7.C 8.C 9.B 10.D

Bài tập Trắc nghiệm Unit 4: Vocabulary and Grammar

Choose the best answer to complete these following sentences

Question 1. We are looking forward to_____you.

- A. see
- B. seeing
- C. look
- D. looking

Question 2. It's very kind _____you _____say so!

- A. with/ to
- B. to/ to
- C. of/to
- D. from/ to

Question 3. I can complete a_____English if necessary.

- A. speak
- B. spoke
- C. spoken
- D. speaking

Question 4. She_____me if I could help her.

- A. asks
- B. asking
- C. asked
- D. will asked

Question 5. They_____him if they would come there the day after.

- A. ask
- B. asked
- C. say
- D. said to

Question 6. The restaurant has the _____ for serving some of the finest food.

- A. repute
- B. reputed
- C. reputation
- D. reputable

Question 7. This year the only award for the _____ students belong to him.

- A. better
- B. best
- C. good
- D. well

Question 8. We think that with our solidarity we can _____ this difficulty.

- A. overtake
- B. overcome
- C. overgo
- D. overdo

Question 9. . _____ aspects of learning English do you find the most difficult?

- A. Where
- B. Why
- C. What

D. When

Question 10. They couldn't pass the final _____.

A. examine

B. exams

C. examiner

D. examination

Question 11. We have many well_____teachers here.

A. quality

B. qualify

C. qualified

D. qualification

Question 12. She said to me that she_____that car the following day.

A. sells

B. sold

C. would sell

D. would sold

Question 13. He asked me where I_____ the previous day.

A. go

B. went

C. will

D. had gone

Question 14. The teacher asked her why she_____the test.

A. didn't do

B. doesn't do

C. won't do

D. can't do

Question 15. I asked her if she _____ the following exam.

A. will pass

B. would pass

C. passes

D. passed

►► **ĐÁP ÁN:**

1.B 2.C 3.C 4.C 5.B 6.C 7.B 8.B 9.C 10.D 11.C 12.C 13.D 14.A 15.B

Bài tập Trắc nghiệm Unit 4: Reading

Bài 1. Read the text then choose the best answer to fill in the blanks.

LEARNING A SECOND LANGUAGE

Some people learn a second language (1)_____. Other people have trouble learning a new language. How can you have (2)_____ learn a new language such as English? There are several ways to make learning English a little (3)_____ and more interesting .

The first step is to feel positive about learning English . If you believe that you can learn,you will learn and (4)_____ patient. You do not to have to understand (5)_____ all at once. It `s natural to make mistakes when you learn something new. We can learn from our mistakes .

The second step is to practice your English. For example, write in a journal, or diary, every day. You will get used to (6)_____ in English, and you will feel comfortable expressing your ideas in English. After several weeks, you will see that your writing is improving. (7)_____, you must speak English every day. You can practice with your classmates (8)_____ class.

The third step is to keep a record of your language learning . You can write this in your journal. After each class, think about what you did. Did you answer a question correctly? Did you understand something the teacher explained? Perhaps the lesson was

difficult, but you tried to understand it. It is important to practice every day and make a record of your achievements.

Question 1.

- A. ease
- B. easy
- C. easily
- D. all a, b, c.

Question 2.

- A. itself
- B. yourself
- C. himself
- D. herself

Question 3.

- A. ease
- B. easy
- C. easily
- D. easier

Question 4.

- A. Be
- B. Being
- C. To be
- D. Been

Question 5.

- A. anything
- B. nothing
- C. everything
- D. something

Question 6.

- A. write
- B. writing
- C. to write
- D. written

Question 7.

- A. In addition
- B. Addition
- C. Additional
- D. By addition

Question 8.

- A. of side
- B. outside
- C. beside
- D. byside

▶▶ ĐÁP ÁN:

1.C 2.B 3.B 4.A 5.C 6.B 7.A 8.B

Bài 2. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

Most languages have several levels of vocabulary that may be used by the same speakers. In English, at least three have been identified and described.

Standard usage includes those words and expressions understood, used, and accepted by a majority of the speakers of a language in any situation regardless of the levels of formality. As such, these words and expressions are well defined and listed in standard dictionaries. Colloquialisms, on the other hand, are familiar words and idioms that are understood by almost all speakers of a language and used in informal speech or writing, but not considered acceptable for more formal situations. Almost all idiomatic expressions are colloquial language. Slang, however, refers to words and expressions understood by a large number of speakers but not accepted as appropriate formal usage by the majority. Colloquial expressions and even slang may be found in standard dictionaries but will be so identified. Both Colloquial usage and slang are more common in speech than in writing. Colloquial speech often passes into standard speech. Some slang also passes into standard speech, but other slang expressions enjoy momentary popularity followed by obscurity. In some cases, the majority never accepts certain slang phrases but nevertheless retains them in their collective memories. Every generation seems to require its own set of words to describe familiar objects and events.

It has been pointed out by a number of linguists that three cultural conditions are necessary for the creation of a large body of slang expressions. First, the introduction and acceptance of new objects and situations in the society; second, a diverse population with a large number of subgroups; third, association among the subgroups and the majority population.

Finally, it is worth noting that the terms "standard", "colloquial" and "slang" exist only as abstract labels for scholars who study language. Only a tiny number of the speakers of any language will be aware that they are using colloquial or slang expressions. Most speakers of English will, during appropriate situations, select and use all three types of expressions.

Question 1. Which of the following is the main topic of the passage?

- A. Standard speech
- B. Idiomatic phrases
- C. Dictionary usage
- D. Different types of vocabulary

Question 2. How is slang defined by the author?

- A. Words and phrases understood by the majority but not found in standard dictionaries.
- B. Words and phrases accepted by the majority for formal usage.
- C. Words and phrases that are understood by a restricted group of speakers.
- D. Words and phrases understood by a large number of speakers but not accepted as formal usage.

Question 3. The word "obscurity" could best be replaced by _____

- A. qualification
- B. tolerance
- C. disappearance
- D. influence

Question 4. The word "them" refers to _____

- A. slang phrases
- B. memories
- C. the majority
- D. words

Question 5. The statement: "Colloquialisms, on the other hand, are familiar words and idioms that are understood by almost all speakers of a language and used in informal speech or writing, but not considered acceptable for more formal situations." means:

- A. Most of the speakers of a language can use both formal and informal speech in appropriate situations.
- B. Familiar situations that are experienced by most people are called colloquialisms.
- C. Familiar words and phrases are found in both speech and writing in formal settings.
- D. Informal language contains colloquialisms, which are not found in more formal language.

Question 6. Which of the following is true of standard usage?

- A. It can be used in formal or informal settings.
- B. It is only understood by the upper classes.
- C. It is limited to written language.
- D. It is constantly changing.

Question 7. The author mentions all of the following as requirements for slang expressions to be created EXCEPT

- A. new situations
- B. a new generation
- C. interaction among diverse groups
- D. a number of linguists

►► **ĐÁP ÁN:**

1.A 2.D 3.C 4.A 5.C 6.A 7.D

Bài tập Trắc nghiệm Unit 4: Writing

Question 1. “I have something to show you now.”, he said to me.

- A. He told me that he has something to show me then.
- B. He told me that he had something to show you then.
- C. He told me that he had something to show me now.
- D. He told me that he had something to show me then.

Question 2. “I’m leaving here for Hue tomorrow,” she said.

- A. She said that she is leaving leave there for Hue the day after.
- B. She said that she was leaving leave there for Hue the day after.
- C. She said that she would leaving leave there for Hue the day after.

D. She said that she is leaving here for Hue the day after.

Question 3. "I'll come with you as soon as I am ready." Tom said to her.

A. Tom said to her that he will come with her s soon as he was ready.

B. Tom said to her that he would come with her s soon as he was ready.

C. Tom said to her that he will come with you as soon as he was ready.

D. Tom said to her that he will come with her s soon as he is ready.

Question 4. "I must go now," the father said to us.

A. The father said to us that he must go then

B. The father said to us that he had to go now

C. The father said to us that he has to go then

D. The father said to us that he had to go then

Question 5. "Who puts the salt in my cup of coffee?"

A. Peter asked who put the salt in his cup of coffee?

B. Peter asked who put the salt in his cup of coffee.

C. Peter asked who puts the salt in his cup of coffee.

D. Peter asked who put the salt in my cup of coffee.

Question 6. "Why do you come here late?", she asked me.

A. She asked me why I came there late.

B. She asked me why I come there late.

C. She asked me why I came here late.

D. She asked me why you came there late.

Question 7. "Can you play the piano?", he asked the girl.

A. He asked the girl if she can play the piano.

B. He asked the girl if she could play the piano?

C. He asked the girl if she can play the piano.

D. He asked the girl if she played the piano.

Question 8. "I'm having a good time here" said Maryam.

A. Maryam said that she was having a good time there.

B. Maryam said that she is having a good time here.

C. Maryam said that she was having a good time there.

Question 9. "Do you like popmusic?", Hoa told Maryam.

A. . Hoa asked Maryam if she likes pop music.

B. Hoa asked Maryam if she liked pop music.

C. Hoa told Maryam if she likes pop music.

D. Hoa told Maryam if she liked pop music.

Question 10. "Where do you live the boys?", asked the man.

A. The man asked the boys where they live.

B. The man asked the boys where they lived.

C. The man asked the boys where they lived?

D. The man asked the boys where did they live.

Question 11. He said to me "I can't do this test"

A. He said to me that I can't do that test.

B. He said to me that I couldn't do this test.

C. He said to me that I couldn't do that test.

D. He said to me that he couldn't do that test.

Question 12. They said to him, "We are learning English now."

- A. They said to him that we are learning English now.
- B. They said to him that they were learning English now.
- C. They said to him that they were learning English then.
- D. They said to him that we were learning English then.

Question 13. She said to me, “I will go to China next week.”

- A. She said to me that she will go to China the following week.
- B. She said to me that she would go to China the following week.
- C. She said to me that she went go to China the following week.
- D. She said to me that she go to China the following week.

Question 14. They asked him, “Do you like to play this game.”

- A. They asked him if he like to play that game.
- B. They asked him if he liked to play that game.
- C. They asked him if he liked to play this game.
- D. They asked him if he like to play that game.

Question 15. He said to me, “I must finish these works on time.”

- A. He said to me that I must finish these works on time.
- B. He said to me that he must finish these works on time.
- C. He said to me that he had to finish these works on time.
- D. He said to me that I must finish those works on time.

►► **ĐÁP ÁN:**

1.B 2.B 3.B 4.D 5.B 6.A 7.B 8.C 9.B 10.B 11.C 12.C 13.B 14.B 15.C