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Trọn bộ câu hỏi trắc nghiệm Tiếng Anh 8 Unit 11: Science and technology có đáp án. Cung cấp tài liệu tham khảo miễn phí và hữu ích dành cho các em học sinh, quý thầy cô giáo, chuẩn bị tốt cho các kì thi quan trọng sắp tới.

Bộ 60 câu hỏi trắc nghiệm Tiếng Anh 8 Unit 11: Science and technology

Bài tập trắc nghiệm Unit 11: Phonetics and Speaking

Choose the letter A, B, C or D the word that has the underlined part different from others

Question 1:

- A. reallity
- B. discover
- C. improve
- D. invent

Question 2:

- A. improve
- B. role
- C. oversleep
- D. solve

Question 3:

- A. technique
- B. patent

C. invent

D. benefit

Question 4:

A. precise

B. light

C. quality

D. science

Question 5:

A. bulb

B. umbrella

C. suppose

D. underground

Question 6:

A. technology

B. technique

C. scholar

D. watch

Question 7:

A. explore

B. enormous

C. become

D. engine

Choose the letter A, B, C or D the word that has different stress pattern from others.

Question 8:

- A. improve
- B. invent
- C. science
- D. support

Question 9:

- A. engine
- B. invent
- C. patent
- D. science

Question 10:

- A. quality
- B. benefit
- C. enormous
- D. technical

Question 11:

- A. oversleep
- B. interact
- C. underground
- D. discover

Question 12:

- A. precise
- B. science
- C. engine
- D. concert

Question 13:

- A. scientific
- B. discovery
- C. beneficial
- D. enormously

Question 14:

- A. transform
- B. engine
- C. support
- D. technique

Question 15:

- A. improve
- B. invent
- C. explore
- D. equal

▶▶ ĐÁP ÁN:

1.A - 2.A - 3.B - 4.C - 5.C - 6.D - 7.D - 8.C - 9.B - 10.C - 11.D - 12.A - 13.A - 14.B - 15.D

Bài tập trắc nghiệm Unit 11: Vocabulary and Grammar**Choose the letter A, B, C or D to complete the sentences**

Question 1: Archaeology are digging the ground to _____ that site.

- A. explore
- B. patent
- C. invent
- D. support

Question 2: I really hope my dream will become a _____ in the future

- A. real
- B. really
- C. reality
- D. realistic

Question 3: I want to go to the supermarket to buy some _____ bulbs.

- A. precise
- B. field
- C. light
- D. steam

Question 4: We are trying to _____ the problem with the steam engine

- A. support
- B. solve
- C. invent
- D. benefit

Question 5: There are a lot of benefits to do _____ researches.

- A. scientific
- B. enormous
- C. precise
- D. technical

Question 6: “I will hand in my assignment to the teacher tomorrow.” Alan said to me.

- A. Alan told me that he would hand in his assignment to the teacher the next day.
- B. Alan told me that he will hand in his assignment to the teacher the next day.
- C. Alan said me that he would hand in his assignment to the teacher the next day.

D. Alan told me that he would hand in his assignment to the teacher tomorrow.

Question 7: The new invention may receive a lot of _____ from the public.

A. concerns

B. patents

C. roles

D. sciences

Question 8: Artificial intelligence (AI) is an area of _____ concerned with making computers copy intelligent human behaviour.

A. field

B. study

C. reality

D. technique

Question 9: Science is used in all corners of the world for the _____ of human

A. quality

B. discovery

C. benefit

D. engine

Question 10: The teacher _____ me that I had better devote more time to doing scientific researches.

A. said

B. told

C. asked

D. claimed

Question 11: If the teacher were here now, we'd ask him the difference _____ "science" and "technology".

- A. and
- B. between
- C. of
- D. on

Question 12: A person who plays the piano is a(n) _____.

- A. novelist
- B. pianist
- C. checklist
- D. dentist

Question 13: The first experiment was _____, so we need to do another one.

- A. unsuccess
- B. success
- C. unsuccessful
- D. successful

Question 14: The US first _____ of the Moon began with the Ranger 4 impactor in 1962.

- A. exploration
- B. explosion
- C. experiment
- D. excitement

Question 15: He said: "I like to do physics experiments."

- A. He said that he liked to do physics experiments.
- B. He said that he likes to do physics experiments.
- C. He said that he had liked to do physics experiments.
- D. He said that he did like to do physics experiments.

▶▶ ĐÁP ÁN:

1.A - 2.C - 3.C - 4.B - 5.A - 6.A - 7.A - 8.B - 9.C - 10.B - 11.B - 12.B - 13.C - 14.A - 15.A

Bài tập trắc nghiệm Unit 11: Reading

Read the passage below and decide whether the statements are TRUE or FALSE?

Inventions That Changes Our World

People have been inventing things for years. Paper was invented about 2,000 years ago. The wheel was invented more than 5,000 years ago. What would life be like without paper to write on or bikes to ride? Those inventions have made life easier.

Airplane

The Wright Brothers invented the first airplane in December 1903. That makes 2003 the 100th anniversary! Before the airplane was invented, most people traveled by cars, boats, and trains. Today, airplanes help people travel faster. How do airplanes help you?

Telephone

Alexander Graham Bell invented the telephone in 1876. Before the telephone was invented, people kept in touch by writing letters or talking in person. Today the telephone makes it easier for people to talk to one another. How do telephones help you?

Automobile

The first four-wheeled gas-powered car was invented by Karl Benz in 1891. Before people had cars, they couldn't travel easily. They walked or rode horses for short trips. They took trains or boats for long trips. Today cars are one of the main ways people travel. How do cars help you?

Computer

People worked for years to make the first computer. It was built in 1946. The first computer was called ENIAC. Today computers are an important part of many people's lives. People use computers as tools to write, get information, and much more. How do computers help you?

Question 1:The wheel was invented more than 5 thousands years ago.

A. True

B. False

Question 2: Before the airplane was invented, people traveled around on foot.

A. True

B. False

Question 3: Alexander Graham Bell invented the telephone in 1876.

A. True

B. False

Question 4: Before the invention of automobiles, people walked or rode horses for long trips.

A. True

B. False

Question 5: People use computers as tools to write, get information.

A. True

B. False

Choose the letter A, B, C or D to complete the passage below

Computers are helpful in many ways. First, they are fast. They can work with information even (6) _____ than a person. Second, computers can work with a lot of information at the same time. Third, they can store information for a long time. They do not forget things that the common people do. (7) _____, computers are almost always correct. They are not perfect, but they usually do not make mistakes.

Recently, it is important (8) _____ about computers. There are a number of things to learn. Many companies have computers at work. In addition, most universities (9) _____ day and night courses in Computer Science. Another way to learn is from a book, or from a friend. After a few hours of practice, you can (10) _____ with computers.

Question 6:

A. quickly

B. quiclier

C. more quickly

D. most quickly

Question 7:

A. finally

B. finish

C. final

D. finishing

Question 8:

A. know

B. knew

C. knowing

D. to know

Question 9:

A. have

B. has

C. had

D. having

Question 10:

A. do

B. play

C. get

D. work

Choose the letter A, B, C or D to answer these following questions

The history of the computer in the twentieth century is one of dramatic adaption and expansion. The computer had modest beginnings in areas where it was used as a specialist tool. The first electronic computer was built in the 1930s and was solely for use of undergraduate students in Iowa State University to handle mathematical computations in nuclear physics. In World War II, computers were developed in order to wage counter espionage and break codes used by the enemy. In the post-war years the scope of computers was expanded to include the military industrial complex and academia. Obviously people needed to travel around these institutions and so there was a need for early network tools. In the 1960's an early version of the Internet, ARPPANET was used in computers were starting to change our lifestyle, the way we do business and many style things (Elliot, 1994) and by the late 1980s, networks were expanding to embrace sections of the general public. The internet was born.

Question 11: When was the first electronic computer invented?

- A. in the 1920s
- B. in the 1930s
- C. in the 1940s
- D. in the 1950s

Question 12: In World War II, computers were developed in order to_____.

- A. break enemy's code
- B. call other soldiers
- C. do calculations
- D. study geography

Question 13: Why was the scope of computer expanded in the post-war year?

- A. to teach at academic school
- B. to sell to other countries
- C. to spread knowledge
- D. to include the military industrial complex

Question 14: What is the name of the early version of the Internet?

- A. INTRANET
- B. CONPANET
- C. INTERNET
- D. ARPPANET

Question 15: When were networks expanded to serve general public?

- A. by the late 1980s
- B. by the late 1970s
- C. by the late 1990s

C. by the late 1960s

►► **ĐÁP ÁN:**

1.A - 2.B - 3.A - 4.B - 5.A - 6.C - 7.A - 8.D - 9.A - 10.D - 11.B - 12.A - 13.C - 14.D - 15.A

Bài tập trắc nghiệm Unit 11: Writing

Choose the letter A, B, C or D to complete the sentences with given words

Question 1: Lucia/ said/ they/ be not/ going to/ the/ cinema/ that night

- A. Lucia said that they aren't going to the cinema that night.
- B. Lucia said that they wasn't going to the cinema that night.
- C. Lucia said that they weren't going to the cinema that night.
- D. Lucia said that they hadn't been going to the cinema that night.

Question 2: Science/ play/ important/ role/ our/ daily life.

- A. Science plays an important role on our daily life.
- B. Science plays an important role in our daily life.
- C. Science plays the important role on our daily life.
- D. Science plays the important role in our daily life.

Question 3: Viet/ said/ he/ would/ be doing/ experiment/ 10 o'clock/ following day.

- A. Viet said that he would be doing a experiment at 10 o'clock following day.
- B. Viet said he would be doing an experiment at 10 o'clock following day.
- C. Viet said he would be doing a experiment at 10 o'clock the following day.
- D. Viet said that he would be doing an experiment at 10 o'clock the following day

Question 4: I/ can't/ imagine/ life/ without/ science/ technology.

- A. I can't imagine our life without science but technology.
- B. I can't imagine our life without science and technology.
- C. I can't imagine our life without science so technology.

D. I can't imagine our life without science nor technology.

Question 5: Parents/ not/ allow/ children/ play/ computer games/ long period of time.

- A. Parents don't allow children play computer games for a long period of time.
- B. Parents don't allow children playing computer games for a long period of time.
- C. Parents don't allow children to play computer games for a long period of time.
- D. Parents don't allow children played computer games for a long period of time

Rearrange the sentences to make meaningful sentences

Question 6: Nuclear/ plants/ a lot of/ don't/ power/ require/ space.

- A. Nuclear power plants don't require a lot of space.
- B. Nuclear power a lot of plants don't require space.
- C. Nuclear power don't require a lot of space plants.
- D. Nuclear plants don't require a lot of power space.

Question 7: He/ that/ was/ a/ said/ robot/ hire/ he/ the/ going to/ following Saturday.

- A. He said that he was going to hire a robot the following Saturday.
- B. He said that he was going to hire a following robot the Saturday.
- C. He said he was going to hire that a robot the following Saturday.
- D. He said that a robot was going to hire he the following Saturday

Question 8: Wrong/ big/ decisions/ a/ in/ caused/ nuclear/ Chernobyl/ explosion

- A. Wrong decisions in a big nuclear explosion caused Chernobyl.
- B. Wrong caused decisions in Chernobyl a big nuclear explosion.
- C. Wrong decisions in Chernobyl caused a big nuclear explosion.
- D. Wrong decisions in Chernobyl caused a big explosion nuclear

Question 9: We/ before/ seen/ have/ Physical/ never/ this/ experiment.

- A. We have never before seen this Physical experiment.

B. We have never Physical experiment seen this before.

C. We have seen never this Physical experiment before.

D. We have never seen this Physical experiment before.

Question 10: You/ keep/ you/ have/ want/ to/ stay/ to/ quiet/ here/ if.

A. You have to keep quiet if you want to stay here.

B. You have to want to keep quiet if you stay here.

C. You have to stay here if you want to keep quiet.

D. You have to keep quiet you if want to stay here.

Rewrite sentences without changing the meaning

Question 11: Peter said: "I will try to learn hard to pass the entrance exam."

A. Peter said that he would try to learn hard to pass the entrance exam.

B. Peter told that he would try to learn hard to pass the entrance exam.

C. Peter asked that he would try to learn hard to pass the entrance exam.

D. Peter talked that he would try to learn hard to pass the entrance exam.

Question 12: It's fascinating to watch science fiction movies

A. Watch science fiction movies is fascinating.

B. Watching science fiction movies is fascinating.

C. Watch science fiction movies is boring.

D. Watching science fiction movies is boring.

Question 13: Thanks to technical advancements, we are having a more convenient life

A. Our life would be more convenient if there were no technical advancements.

B. Our life would be less convenient if there were no technical advancements.

C. Our life would be more expensive if there were no technical advancements.

D. Our life would be less expensive if there were no technical advancements.

Question 14: I haven't been to this gallery before.

- A. I don't like going to galleries.
- B. This gallery is attractive.
- C. Before going to this, I didn't go to any other gallery.
- D. This is the first time I have been to this gallery

Question 15: My smart phone is so convenient that I bring it everywhere

- A. It is such a convenient smart phone that I bring it everywhere.
- B. I bring my smart phone everywhere although it's convenient.
- C. My smart phone is not convenient enough for me to bring.
- D. My smart phone is convenient so that I can't bring it anywhere.

▶▶ **ĐÁP ÁN:**

1.C - 2.B - 3.D - 4.B - 5.C - 6.A - 7.A - 8.C - 9.D - 10.A - 11.A - 12.B - 13.B - 14.D - 15.A

▶▶ **CLICK NGAY** vào nút **TẢI VỀ** dưới đây để tải về Bộ 60 câu trắc nghiệm Tiếng Anh 8 mới Unit 11 (có đáp án): Science and technology file pdf hoàn toàn miễn phí.