(Đề thị có 04 trang)

Kỳ THI THỬ TỐT NGHIỆP THPT NĂM 2021- LẦN 1

Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH

Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút;(50 câu trắc nghiệm)

	(Thí sinh không được sử d	dụng tài liệu)	Mã đề thi 103
Họ, tên thí sinh:		SBD:	
Mark the letter A, B, C,	or D on your answer she	et to indicate the correct	answer to each of the following
questions.			
Question 1: I don't think	k he will ever get	the shock of his father's	death.
A. by	<b>B.</b> off	C. over	<b>D.</b> through
Question 2: Laura didn't	enjoy her first year at coll	ege because she failed to	her new friends.
<b>A.</b> get on with	<b>B.</b> come in for	<b>C.</b> look down on	<b>D.</b> go down with
Question 3:	_ New York is not the cap	oital of the USA, it is the h	nome of the United Nations.
	<b>B.</b> Although		
Question 4: When I got	up this morning, the kitc	hen was spotless. Alex _	it before she went to bed
last night.	1 0		
A. needn't have tidied	<b>B.</b> should have tidied	C. mustn't have tidied	<b>D.</b> must have tidied
	a better understandir		
	<b>B.</b> takes		
	ore investors are pouring		
A. an			<b>D.</b> a
			n speaker them into four
smaller groups for discus		s ut the seminar, the mar	
	<b>B.</b> provided	<b>C</b> divided	<b>D</b> submitted
	English at our school		
	<b>B.</b> had been teaching		
			ideals of the period in which it
was created.	as a masterpiece, a work	of art must transcend the	ideals of the period in which h
	ng <b>B.</b> Ranking	C. To be replied	<b>D</b> Boing ranked
from the school administr	-	w to faise money for char	rity received support
		C manual has not a d	D light begated
	<b>B.</b> big–hearted		
	finished doing his home		
	<b>B.</b> would he		
	a raise in salary is		
A. out of date	<b>B.</b> out of the question	-	<b>D.</b> out of control
-	sable that he then	-	
A. hadn't gone	<b>B.</b> doesn't go		<b>D.</b> didn't go
	ovel has been		
A. nation	<b>B.</b> national	<b>C.</b> international	<b>D.</b> internationally

# Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 15 to 19.

It is true that keeping fit will benefit a person's health in many ways. It has become clear in recent years, that a large number of people are doing less and less exercise and this is now causing many serious illnesses, putting a strain on doctors and hospitals. However, some experts believe that too much exercise can do just as much (15) \_\_\_\_\_.

Although it is true that moderate exercise such as walking can be very beneficial to a person's health, it is not the only one factor (16) \_\_\_\_\_\_ keeps us healthy. Diet is also extremely important and I would argue that it is probably even more important than exercise, although the ideal is for both of these factors to work together. It seems to me that many people are unwilling to put in the effort required to become fitter.

(17) \_\_\_\_\_, too much exercise can also cause problems. So people are urged to take moderate exercise and eat moderately healthily rather than embarking on extreme diets and training. In too many instances, ultra–fit people have had heart attacks or dropped down dead.

In all, governments need to find ways of (18) \_\_\_\_\_ people to take responsibility for their own health. People need to realize that eating healthy food does not have to cost a (19) \_\_\_\_\_, nor is it difficult to prepare healthy meals themselves. People need to be better educated about their health.

Question 15.	A. damage	<b>B.</b> destruction	C. ruin	<b>D.</b> hurt
Question 16.	A. who	<b>B.</b> which	<b>C.</b> when	<b>D.</b> what
Question 17.	A. For example	<b>B.</b> In fact	C. Therefore	<b>D.</b> However
Question 18.	A. motivate	<b>B.</b> motivational	<b>C.</b> motivating	<b>D.</b> motivation
Question 19.	A. fortune	<b>B.</b> wealth	C. treasure	<b>D.</b> benefit

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

**Question 20:** "You didn't lock the door this morning as I found the keys on the table when I got home!" the woman told her son.

A. The Woman blamed her son for not unlocking the door that morning as she found the key on the table.

**B.** The woman reproached her son of not locking the door that morning, emphasizing that she saw the keys on the table.

C. The woman scolded her son with unlocking the door that morning as she found the key on the table.

**D.** The woman criticized her son for not locking the door that morning, adding that she saw the keys on the table.

Question 21: I needn't have watered the garden because it came down in torrents after that .

**A.** It's a pity I had watered the garden after it came down in torrents.

**B.** If it had came down in torrents, I wouldn't have watered the garden.

**C.** I regret having watered the garden before it came down in torrents.

**D.** If only I had watered the garden before it came down in torrents

Question 22: Thanks to your support, I was able to complete the task successfully.

A. Had it not been for your support, I could not have completed the task successfully.

**B.** Were it not for your support. I would not be able to complete the task successfully.

C. If you didn't support me, I would not be able to complete the task successfully.

**D.** If you had not supported me, I could have completed the task successfully.

## Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 23: The children were <u>full of beans</u> today, looking forward to their field trip.

A. lively and in	high spirits	<b>B.</b> melancholy	_
C. hyperactive		<b>D.</b> eating a lot	
Question 24: Beca	ause of his hard work, he was	s able to <u>recove</u> r his lo	osses from the accident.
A. find	<b>B.</b> take back	C. escape	<b>D.</b> sell

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined the word whose underlined part differs from the other in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Question 25: A. subscribed	B. searched	C. practiced	D. increased
Question 26: A. kidding	<b>B.</b> r <u>i</u> m	C. conf <u>i</u> de	<b>D. <u>i</u>nstall</b>

### Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 27 to 31.

What is meant by the term *economic resources*? In general, these are all the natural, man-made, and human resources that go into the production of goods and services. This obviously covers a lot of ground: factories and farms, tools and machines, transportation and communication facilities, all types of natural resources, and labor. Economic resources can be broken down into two general categories: proper resources–land and capital– and human resources–labor and entrepreneurial skills.

What do economists mean by *land*? Much more than the non-economist. Land refers to all natural resources that are usable in the production process: **arable** land, forests, mineral and oil deposits, and so on. What about *capital*? Capital goods are all the man-made aids to producing, storing, transporting, and

distributing goods and services. Capital goods differ from consumer goods in that the latter satisfy wants directly, while the former do so indirectly by facilitating the production of consumer goods. It should be noted that *capital* as defined here does not refer to money. Money, as such, produces nothing.

The term labor refers to the physical and mental talents of humans used to produce goods or services (with the exception of a certain set of human talents, entrepreneurial skills, which will be considered separately because of their special significance). Thus the services of a factory worker or an office worker, a ballet dancer or an astronaut all fall under the general heading of labor.

**Question 27:** What is the author's main purpose in writing this passage?

<b>A.</b> To explain the concept of labor.		<b>B.</b> To define economic resources.		
<b>C.</b> To criticize certain uses of capital.		<b>D.</b> To contrast capital g	<b>D.</b> To contrast capital goods and consumer goods.	
Question 28: The phrase	" <u>the latter</u> " refers to	·		
A. non–economists	<b>B.</b> capital goods	C. economist	<b>D.</b> consumer goods	
Question 29: When non-	economists use the term	" <i>land</i> ", its definition		
A. is much more generation	al than when economists	use it		
<b>B.</b> includes all types of	natural resources			
C. is much more restric	ctive than when economi	sts use it		
<b>D.</b> changes from place	to place			
Question 30: Which of th	e following could be con	sidered a capital good as o	lefined in the passage?	
A. Human skills	<b>B.</b> Money	C. A railroad	<b>D.</b> A coal deposit	
Question 31: The word "arable" is closer in meaning to				
A. fertile	<b>B.</b> dry	C. open	<b>D.</b> developed	

#### Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

Question 32: The student was very bright. He could solve all the math problems.

A. He was so bright student that he could solve all the math problem.

**B.** Such bright was the student that he could solve all the math problem.

**C.** He was such a bright student that he could solve all the math problem.

**D.** The student was very bright that he could solve all the math problem.

**Question 33:** I arrived at work. The assistant knocked at the door.

**A.** No sooner had I arrived at work than the assistant knocked at the door.

**B.** I hardly knew the assistant knocked at the door as I just arrived at work.

**C.** Hardly had I arrived at work then the assistant knocked at the door.

**D.** I had to arrived at work as the assistant knocked at the door.

### Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 34: I'll spend the weekends hitting the books as I have final exams next week.

A. reviewing the books **B.** damaging the books **C.** studying in a relaxing way **D.** studying in a serious way Question 35: Different from English taught to all Vietnamese students, Chinese and Russian have been

made **optional** languages taught at secondary schools in Vietnam.

A. important **B.** comfortable **C.** necessary

#### Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of the primary stress in each of the following questions.

Question 36: A. introduction	<b>B.</b> development	C. participate	<b>D.</b> contributor
Question 37: A. appear	<b>B.</b> order	C. reply	<b>D.</b> protect

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

Question 38: Mai and Joey are talking about their favorite pastimes. - Joey: "What sort of things do you like doing in your free time?" ,, - Mai: " A. I love checking out the shops for new clothes. **B.** None. Been starved since 9 yesterday **C.** Nothing special. Just some photos I took on the trip to Nepal. **D.** I hate shopping. Question 39: John and Mike are talking about Mike's new car

- John: " **A.** Your car is new, isn't it? **B.** Where did you buy your car?

**C.** My car is very expensive.

- Mike: "Thanks. I'm glad to hear that."
- **D.** What a nice car!

**D.** compulsory

#### Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 40 to 47.

No sooner had the first intrepid male aviators safely returned to Earth than it seemed that women, too, had been smitten by an urge to fly. From mere spectators, they became willing passengers and finally pilots in their own right, plotting their skills and daring line against the hazards of the air and the skepticism of their male counterparts. In doing so they enlarged the traditional bounds of a women's world, won for their sex a new sense of competence and achievement, and contributed handsomely to the progress of aviation.

But recognition of their abilities did not come easily. "Men do not believe us capable." The famed aviator Amelia Earhart once remarked to a friend. "Because we are women, seldom are we trusted to do an efficient job." Indeed old attitudes died hard: when Charles Lindbergh visited the Soviet Union in 1938 with his wife, Anne-herself a pilot and gifted proponent of aviation - he was astonished to discover both men and women flying in the Soviet Air Force.

Such conventional wisdom made it difficult for women to raise money for the up - to - date equipment they needed to compete on an equal basis with men. Yet they did compete, and often they triumphed finally despite the odds.

Ruth Law, whose 590 - mile flight from Chicago to Hornell, New York, set a new nonstop distance record in 1916, exemplified the resourcefulness and grit demanded of any woman who wanted to fly. And when she addressed the Aero Club of America after completing her historic journey, her plainspoken wordstestified to a universal human motivation that was unaffected by gender: "My flight was done with no expectation of reward," she declared, "just purely for the love of accomplishment."

Question 40: Which of the following is the best title for this passage?

A. A Long Flight **B.** Dangers Faced by Pilots C. Women Spectators

**D.** Women in Aviation History

Question 41: According to the passage, women pilots were successful in all of the following EXCEPT

A. winning universal recognition from men		<b>B.</b> challenging the conventional role of women		
<b>C.</b> contributing to the science of aviation		<b>D.</b> building the confidence of women		
Question 42: What can be	e inferred from the passage	e about the United States	Air Force in 1938?	
<b>A.</b> It gave pilots handso	ome salaries.	<b>B.</b> It had old planes that were in need of repair.		
C. It had no women pil	ots.	<b>D.</b> It could not be trusted to do an efficient job.		
Question 43: In their effo	rts to compete with men,	early women pilots had di	fficulty in	
<b>A.</b> setting records	<b>B.</b> raising money	C. addressing clubs	<b>D.</b> flying nonstop	
<b>Question 44:</b> According to the passage, who said that flying was done with no expectation of reward?				
A. Amelia Earhart	<b>B.</b> Charles Lindbergh	C. Ruth Law	<b>D.</b> Anne Lindbergh	
Question 45: The word "s	skepticism" is closest in n	neaning to		
A. support	<b>B.</b> surprise	C. hatred	<b>D.</b> doubt	
Question 46: The word "	addressed" can be best re	placed by		
A. came back to	<b>B.</b> spoke to	C. mailed	<b>D.</b> consulted	
Question 47: The word "g	counterparts" refers to			
A. skills	<b>B.</b> hazards	C. passengers	<b>D.</b> pilots	

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

<b>Question 48:</b> They are <u>having their</u> house <u>being painted</u> by a <u>construction</u> company.				
A. having	<b>B.</b> their	C. being painted	<b>D.</b> construction	
Question 49: T	ne <u>wooden</u> fence <u>surrounded</u> tl	he factory <u>is beginning</u> to fal	l down <u>because of</u> the rain.	
A. wooden	<b>B.</b> surrounded	<b>C.</b> is beginning	<b>D.</b> because of	
Question 50: The <u>unemployed</u> really <u>needs</u> to be given more <u>help</u> .				
<b>A.</b> unemploy	ed <b>B.</b> needs	<b>C.</b> to be given	<b>D.</b> help	

----- THE END ------