## SỞ GD - ĐT HÀ TĨNH **TRƯ<u>Ò</u>NG THPT TRẦN PHÚ**

## KỲ THI THỬ TỐT NGHIỆP THPT NĂM 2021- LẦN 1 Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút; (50 câu trắc nghiệm)

(Đề thi có 04 trang)

,	(Thí sinh khôi	ng được sử dụng tà	ti liệu)		Mã đề thi 204
Họ, tên thí sinh:			SBD:	•••••	
	B, C, or D on your	answer sheet to in	dicate the correct	answer to ea	uch of the following
questions.	ı romambar Daisy?	[ron h	or on the wey to w	ork	
<b>A.</b> in	remember Daisy?	<b>C.</b> b	ei on the way to w	D down	
	y, the rain				
A watered down	y, the rain		old off	C got awa	177
Ouestion 3: Lacked	<b>B.</b> gave out Angela to run the o	office while I'm go	na Ilm	C. got awa	nd on har
A unless	<b>B.</b> although	The wille I ill go	nerafora	<b>D</b> since	ind on her.
	_				sons very carefully.
	vised <b>B.</b> can't have				
	e to a real				
	<b>B.</b> set		_		asks you.
Ougstion 6. Park F	D. SCI Inna cao who ic tha	head coach of	iakt Vietnen		tball team, is a new
idol of many people				i ilational 100	toan team, is a new
<b>A.</b> the	<b>B.</b> Ø	<b>C.</b> a		<b>D.</b> an	
<b>Question 7:</b> My m	other often	_ our mistakes, w	hereas my father is	s very strict a	nd punishes us for
even the slightest or	ne.				
<b>A.</b> appreciates	<b>B.</b> avoids				
<b>Question 8:</b> He is	exhausted. He	around the wh	ole afternoon tryi	ng to clean th	he house before the
guests arrive.					
	ning <b>B.</b> was run				
Question 9:	as a masterpie	ce, a work of art	must transcend the	e ideals of the	e period in which it
was created.					
	ranked <b>B.</b> Ranking				
	rother refuses to eve				
*	<b>B.</b> narrow-				
-	body is tired of wat	_			
<b>A.</b> are they	<b>B.</b> don't the	ey C. ar	ren't they	<b>D.</b> haven't	they
<b>Question 12:</b> We re	egret to tell you that	the materials you	ordered are		
<b>A.</b> out of practic		ock C. o	ut of reach	<b>D.</b> out of v	vork
	gest our rooms				
<b>A.</b> be decorated	<b>B.</b> should d				ecorated
	rchitects have made	use of gl	ass and transparen	it plastic.	
A. imagine	<b>B.</b> imaginat	tion C. ir	naginative	<b>D.</b> imagina	atively
Read the following	passage and mark	the letter A. B. C.	or D on your ans	wer sheet to	indicate the correct
word or phrase tha	t best fits each of th	e numbered blank	s from 15 to 19.		
					er exposure to these
					he precise evidence
					and, recent research
•	clear adver		-	_	-
					of the results are
•			-		d cancer. However,
-	eliminary and the iss		-		1.11
					y not to use mobile
					er. At the moment,
	snowing the opposi bodies are still			us. 11 18 å180	thought that young
<b>Question 15:</b>		<b>B.</b> cause	u particulai lisk. <b>C.</b> prod	luce	<b>D.</b> lead
Ancouni 12.	A. ornig	D. Cause	<b>C.</b> proc	iucc	D. ICau

<b>Question 16:</b>	A. created	<b>B.</b> demonstrated	C. proved	<b>D.</b> caused
<b>Question 17:</b>	A. through	<b>B.</b> on	C. about	<b>D.</b> by
<b>Question 18:</b>	A. When	<b>B.</b> Until	C. Provide	<b>D.</b> As
Ouestion 19:	A. whose	<b>B.</b> that	C. with	D. as

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

Question 20: "You shouldn't have leaked our confidential report to the press, Frank!" said Jane.

- **A.** Jane blamed Frank for having flattered the press with their confidential report.
- **B.** Jane criticized Frank for having disclosed their confidential report to the press.
- C. Jane suspected that Frank had leaked their confidential report to the press.
- **D.** Jane accused Frank of having cheated the press with their confidential report.

Question 21: The students complained that the teacher was inexperienced.

- **A.** The teacher was not supported for his inexperience.
- **B.** The students praised the teacher for his experience.
- **C.** The teacher was popular despite his inexperience.
- **D.** The teacher was favored because of his inexperience.

**Question 22:** We didn't visit the museum because we had no time.

- **A.** If we had time, we would visit the museum.
- **B.** If we had had time, we will have visited the museum.
- **C.** If we have time, we will visit the museum.
- **D.** If we had had time, we would have visited the museum.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 23: Flats which are both comfortable and reasonably priced are <u>few and far between</u> in the current context of economic crisis.

A. non-standard B. non-existent C. uncommon D. unusual

Question 24: Gerry didn't go on the expedition – he made up that part of the story.

A. narrated B. invented C. unfolded D. recounted

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined the word whose underlined part differs from the other in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Question 25: A. terrifiedB. averagedC. accompaniedD. influencedQuestion 26: A. identifyB. applicantC. finalD. decide

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 27 to 31.

Newspapers and television news programs always seem to report about the bad things happening in society. However, there is a place where readers can find some good news. That place is the website called *HappyNews*. The man behind *HappyNews* is Byron Reese. Reese set up *HappyNews* because he thought other news sources were giving people an unbalanced view of the world. Reese said about *HappyNews*, "The news media gives you a distorted view of the world by **exaggerating** bad news, misery, and despair. We're trying to balance out the scale."

Not everyone agrees with Reese's view, though. Many people think that news sources have a responsibility to provide news that is helpful to people. People need to know about issues or problems in today's society. Then **they** are better able to make informed decisions about things that affect their daily lives. Reese said that *HappyNews* is not trying to stop people from learning about issues or problems. *HappyNews* is just trying to provide a balanced picture of today's world.

By the end of its first month online, *HappyNews* had more than 70,000 unique readers. About 60 percent of those readers were women. Something else unique makes *HappyNews* different from any of the other news or information websites that are on the Internet. Unlike many other websites, *HappyNews* gets fan mail from its readers on a daily basis.

Question 27: Which of the following is the best title for this passage?

A. "Newspapers vs. Online News"

B. "Why Women

**B.** "Why Women Like HappyNews"

C. "Byron Reese Tells People How to Be Happy" D. "Good News for a Change"

Question 28: How is Happ A. Its stories are not abo C. All of the stories are Question 29: The word "th	out bad things. written by Reese.	<b>B.</b> The website only has <b>D.</b> HappyNews does not	
A. problems	<b>B.</b> people	C. sources	<b>D.</b> issues
Question 30: Why might s A. Reese's stories are ab	ome people NOT like Hap bout misery and despair. around the world. <b>D.</b>	ppyNews? <b>B.</b> Some sources give a bull them about	
A. improving	<b>B.</b> worsening		<b>D.</b> editing
A. improving	<b>D.</b> Worselling	C. explaining	D. curing
A. He was so bright a str. B. Such bright was the str. C. He was such bright str. D. The student was very Question 33: They left the A. They were leaving th B. No sooner had they left. C. They left the concert D. The fire alarm had go	questions. was very bright. He could udent that he could solve tudent that he could solve tudent that he could solve tright that he could solve concert hall. The fire alar e concert hall when the firefit the concert hall than the hall just as the fire alarmone off before they left the concert hall when the firefit the concert hall than the hall just as the fire alarmone off before they left the concert hall when the firefit the concert hall than the hall just as the firefit alarmone off before they left the concert hall when the firefit has been as the firefit that the could solve the concert hall than the hall just as the firefit alarmone off before they left the concert hall when the firefit hall just as the firefit hall just as the firefit hall just as the firefit hall when the firefit hall just as the firefit hall just as the firefit hall when the firefit hall just as the firefit hall than the hall just as the firefit hall when the firefit hall just as the firefit hall than the hall just as the hall hall hall hall hall hall hall ha	solve all the math problem. m went off right afterwar re alarm went off. e fire alarm went off. went off. concert hall.  to indicate the word(s) ons. a very serious problem in  C. completely ignored onal so I often choose T-s	ds.  OPPOSITE in meaning to the name to the new management system,  D. treated as important
			differs from the other three in
the position of the primary			<b>.</b>
Question 36: A. diversity			<b>D.</b> assimilate
<b>Question 37: A.</b> require	B. danger	C. enroll	<b>D.</b> promote
Mark the letter A, B, C, or of the following exchanges Question 38: John and Tin	S.		able response to complete each
	ob would you like?"		,,,
A. That will do		<b>B.</b> Any time after next w	
C. Any of them are OK		<b>D.</b> Anything to do with c	
Question 39: - Tung: "You - Tuan: "		•	*
A. I'm glad you like them		<b>B.</b> Really?	
C. Do you like them?		<b>D.</b> You must be kidding. M	ly shirt is nice, isn't it?
Read the following passage	e and mark the letter A.	B. C. or D on vour answ	er sheet to indicate the correct

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 40 to 47.

In the history of technology, computers and calculators were <u>innovative</u> developments. They are essentially different from all other machines because they have a memory. This memory stores instructions and information. In a calculator, the instructions are the various functions of arithmetic, which are permanently remembered by the machine and cannot be altered or added to. The information consists of the numbers which are keyed in.

An electronic pocket calculator can perform almost instant arithmetic. A calculator requires an input unit to feed in numbers, a processing unit to make the calculation, a memory unit, and an output unit to display

the result. The calculator is powered by a small battery or by a panel of solar cells. Inside is a microchip that contains the memory and processing units and also controls the input unit, which is the keyboard, and the output unit, which is the display.

The input unit has keys for numbers and operations. Beneath the key is a printed circuit board containing a set of **contacts** for each key. Pressing a key closes the contacts and sends a signal along a pair of lines in the circuit board to the processing unit, in which the binary code for that key is stored in the memory. The processing unit also sends the code to the display. Each key is connected by a different pair of lines to the processing unit, which repeatedly checks the lines to find out when a pair is linked by a key.

The memory unit stores the arithmetic instructions for the processing unit and holds the temporary results that occur during calculation. Storage cells in the memory unit hold the binary codes for the keys that have been pressed. The number codes, together with the operation code for the plus key, are held in temporary cells until the processing unit requires them.

When the equals key is pressed, it sends a signal to the processing unit. **This** takes the operation code - for example, addition - and the two numbers being held in the memory unit and performs the operation on the two numbers. After the addition is done, the result goes to the decoder in the calculator's microchip. This code is then sent to the liquid crystal display unit, which shows the result, or output, of the calculation.

**Question 40:** What is the main purpose of the passage?

- **A.** To discuss innovative developments in technology
- **B.** To compare computers and calculators with other machines

**B.** vital role

**A.** lived

<b>D.</b> 10 compare comp	Juicis and carcalators with c	the machines	
C. To summarize the	e history of technology		
<b>D.</b> To explain how a	calculator works		
Question 41: What can	be inferred about machines	s that are not calculators of	or computers?
A. They cannot store	e information in a memory.	<b>B.</b> They have simple n	nemory and processing units.
C. They are older th	an computers.	<b>D.</b> They are less exper	nsive than computers.
<b>Question 42:</b> The word	l " <u>innovative</u> " in paragraph		
A. important	<b>B.</b> recent	C. revolutionary	<b>D.</b> complicated
<b>Question 43:</b> In what p	part of the calculator are the	processing and memory	units?
<b>A.</b> The output unit	<b>B.</b> The microchip	<b>C.</b> The solar cells	<b>D.</b> The battery
Question 44: Accordin	g to the passage, one function	on of the memory unit is_	<u></u> .
A. to alter basic arith	nmetic instructions	<b>B.</b> to store temporary i	esults during calculation
<b>C.</b> to control the key	board	<b>D.</b> to send codes to the	
<b>Question 45:</b> The word	d " <u><b>This</b></u> " in paragraph 5 refe	rs to	·
<b>A.</b> the processing un	it <b>B.</b> the equal key	C. the plus key	<b>D.</b> the memory unit
<b>Question 46:</b> The word	d "contacts" in paragraph 3	is closest in meaning to_	·
A. commands	<b>B.</b> locations	C. codes	<b>D.</b> connections
<b>Question 47:</b> Which of	f the following statement is l	NOT TRUE about calcul	ators?
A. Calculator and co	omputers have a memory.		
B. Calculators require	re a lot of instructions to ope	erate quickly.	
C. Sending codes tal	kes place only in the memor	y unit of a calculator.	
<b>D.</b> Pressing a key ac	tivates a calculator.		
	-	et to indicate the underli	ned part that needs correction in
each of the following q			
	eved that in the near future ro		
A. such as	<b>B.</b> in the near future	<b>C.</b> It is believed	<b>D.</b> be used to doing
	<u>namese is</u> hard-working, <u>int</u>	=	
<b>A.</b> Vietnamese		C. intelligent	<b>D.</b> brave
	<u>lived</u> in the soil play a <u>vi</u>	ital role in recycling the	e carbon and nitrogen <u>needed</u> by
plants.			

C. recycling

----- THE END -----

**D.** needed