## SỞ GD - ĐT HÀ TĨNH **TRƯ<u>ÒNG THPT TRÂN</u> PHÚ**

## KỲ THI THỬ TỐT NGHIỆP THPT NĂM 2021- LẦN 1 Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút; (50 câu trắc nghiệm)

(Đề thi có 04 tr	ang)			
	(Thí sinh không được sử d	ụng tài liệu)	Mã	đề thi 101
Họ, tên thí sinh:		SBD:		
	or D on your answer shee er in pronunciation in eac			se underlined
Question 1: A. confide	<b>B. <u>i</u>nsta</b> ll	C. k <u>i</u> dding	<b>D.</b> r <b>i</b> m	
Question 2: A. practiced	<b>B.</b> increas <b>ed</b>	C. subscribed	<b>D.</b> search <u>ed</u>	
	or D on your answer sheet		eat differs from the c	other three in
the position of the prima	ry stress in each of the foll	lowing questions.		
<b>Question 3: A.</b> appear	<b>B.</b> reply	C. protect	<b>D.</b> order	
Question 4: A. participat	e <b>B.</b> introduction	C. development	<b>D.</b> contributo	r
Mark the letter A, B, C, o	or D on your answer sheet	t to indicate the correct	t answer to each of	the following
Question 5: He'd hardly t	finished doing his homewo	<u> </u>		
<b>A.</b> didn't he	<b>B.</b> had he	<b>C.</b> would he	<b>D.</b> hadn't he	
Question 6: It was advisa	able that he there a	alone. It was too danger	ous.	
A. hadn't gone	<b>B.</b> didn't go	C. doesn't go	<b>D.</b> not go	
Question 7: Daniel	a better understanding	g of Algebra than we do	) <b>.</b>	
A. makes	<b>B.</b> has	C. takes	<b>D.</b> gives	
Question 8: More and mo	ore investors are pouring _	money into food	d and beverage start-	-ups.
<b>A.</b> the	<b>B.</b> a	C. an	D. Ø	•
Question 9: As there we	ere too many participants			nem into four
smaller groups for discuss	sion.		_	
<b>A.</b> divided				
<b>Question 10:</b> I don't thin	nk he will ever get	the shock of his fathe	er's death.	
A. over	C			
	t enjoy her first year at coll			friends.
	<b>B.</b> look down on			
Question 12:	New York is not the cap	pital of the USA, it is the	e home of the United	d Nations.
<b>A.</b> In spite of	<b>B.</b> Because	C. Although	<b>D.</b> Otherwise	
<b>Question 13:</b> Her first no	vel has been	_acclaimed as a master		
<b>A.</b> nation	<b>B.</b> international	<b>C.</b> internationally	<b>D.</b> national	
Question 14: I'm afraid a	a raise in salary is	just now.		
<b>A.</b> out of sight	<b>B.</b> out of control	C. out of date	<b>D.</b> out of the que	stion
<b>Question 15:</b> When I got last night.	t up this morning, the kitch	nen was spotless. Alex	it before she	e went to bed
A. needn't have tidied	<b>B.</b> must have tidied	C. should have tidied	<b>D.</b> mustn't have t	idied
Question 16: Mr Pike	English at our school:	for 20 years before he r	etired last year.	
	<b>B.</b> has been teaching		=	hing
<b>Question 17:</b>	as a masterpiece, a work			•
was created.				
	ng <b>B.</b> Ranking			
	ts' plan for a musical show	to raise money for cha	arity received	support
from the school administr				
A. warm-hearted	<b>B.</b> light–hearted	C. whole–hearted	<b>D.</b> big—hearted	
	or D on your answer shee		(s) CLOSEST in me	eaning to the
	ch of the following questio			
=	his hard work, he was able			
A find	R sell	C take back	D escape	

C. melancho	ly	<b>D.</b> hyperactiv	'e			
underlined wor	A, B, C, or D on your ans ad(s) in each of the following bifferent from English taugh	g questions.		_		
-	languages taught at seconda					
A. compulso		•	le <b>D.</b> necessar	rv		
	ll spend the weekends <u>hitti</u>			•		
A. reviewing			n a relaxing way			
C. damaging			n a serious way			
	A, B, C, or D on your answ	wer sheet to indicate th	e most suitable respons	se to complete each		
of the following						
	ohn and Mike are talking ab					
- John: "	······································		- Mike: "Thanks. I'm glad to hear that."			
<b>A.</b> What a ni			<b>B.</b> Your car is new, isn't it?			
	d you buy your car?		very expensive.			
	Iai and Joey are talking abo					
-	at sort of things do you like					
	en starved since 9 yesterday					
<b>C.</b> Nothing s	pecial. Just some photos I t	ook on the trip to Nepal	. <b>D.</b> I hate shopp	oing.		
that a large numputting a strain as much (25) Although it is not the only one that it is probabtogether. It seem (27) exercise and earnstances, ultra-In all, gover health. People	keeping fit will benefit a paber of people are doing less on doctors and hospitals. Hence that moderate exercise factor (26) keep by even more important that is to me that many people a, too much exercise can to moderately healthily rathefit people have had heart at minents need to find ways need to realize that eating hare healthy meals themselv	s and less exercise and to lowever, some experts less us healthy. Diet is also an exercise, although the are unwilling to put in the also cause problems. The than embarking on tracks or dropped down of (28) per healthy food does not	this is now causing man believe that too much elevery beneficial to a pool of extremely important elevery beneficial to a pool of the effort required to be extreme diets and traidead.  The property of the extreme diets and traidead.	erson's health, it is and I would argue ese factors to work come fitter.  to take moderate ning. In too many lility for their own in it.		
Question 25.	A. ruin	<b>B.</b> destruction	C. damage	<b>D.</b> hurt		
Question 26.	<b>A.</b> who	<b>B.</b> when	C. which	<b>D.</b> what		
Question 27.	<b>A.</b> For example	<b>B.</b> However	C. Therefore	<b>D.</b> In fact		
Question 28.	<b>A.</b> motivating	<b>B.</b> motivational	C. motivate	<b>D.</b> motivation		
Question 29.	A. benefit	<b>B.</b> wealth	C. treasure	<b>D.</b> fortune		

Question 20: The children were **full of beans** today, looking forward to their field trip.

**B.** lively and in high spirits

**A.** eating a lot

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 30 to 34.

What is meant by the term *economic resources*? In general, these are all the natural, man-made, and human resources that go into the production of goods and services. This obviously covers a lot of ground: factories and farms, tools and machines, transportation and communication facilities, all types of natural

resources, and labor. Economic resources can be broken down into two general categories: proper resources land and capital—and human resources—labor and entrepreneurial skills.

What do economists mean by land? Much more than the non-economist. Land refers to all natural resources that are usable in the production process: arable land, forests, mineral and oil deposits, and so on. What about *capital?* Capital goods are all the man-made aids to producing, storing, transporting, and distributing goods and services. Capital goods differ from consumer goods in that the latter satisfy wants directly, while the former do so indirectly by facilitating the production of consumer goods. It should be noted that *capital* as defined here does not refer to money. Money, as such, produces nothing.

The term *labor* refers to the physical and mental talents of humans used to produce goods or services (with the exception of a certain set of human talents, entrepreneurial skills, which will be considered separately because of their special significance). Thus the services of a factory worker or an office worker, a ballet dancer or an astronaut all fall under the general heading of labor.

**Question 30:** What is the author's main purpose in writing this passage? **A.** To explain the concept of labor. **B.** To criticize certain uses of capital. C. To contrast capital goods and consumer goods. D. To define economic resources. **Question 31:** The phrase "the latter" refers to C. capital goods **A.** non–economists **B.** consumer goods **D.** economist **Question 32:** When non–economists use the term "land", its definition **A.** is much more restrictive than when economists use it **B.** is much more general than when economists use it C. includes all types of natural resources D. changes from place to place **Question 33:** Which of the following could be considered a capital good as defined in the passage? **B.** A coal deposit **C.** Human skills **D.** Money **A.** A railroad

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 35 to 42.

**C.** developed

D. fertile

No sooner had the first intrepid male aviators safely returned to Earth than it seemed that women, too, had been smitten by an urge to fly. From mere spectators, they became willing passengers and finally pilots in their own right, plotting their skills and daring line against the hazards of the air and the skepticism of their male counterparts. In doing so they enlarged the traditional bounds of a women's world, won for their sex a new sense of competence and achievement, and contributed handsomely to the progress of aviation.

But recognition of their abilities did not come easily. "Men do not believe us capable." The famed aviator Amelia Earhart once remarked to a friend. "Because we are women, seldom are we trusted to do an efficient job." Indeed old attitudes died hard: when Charles Lindbergh visited the Soviet Union in 1938 with his wife, Anne-herself a pilot and gifted proponent of aviation – he was astonished to discover both men and women flying in the Soviet Air Force.

Such conventional wisdom made it difficult for women to raise money for the up – to – date equipment they needed to compete on an equal basis with men. Yet they did compete, and often they triumphed finally despite the odds.

Ruth Law, whose 590 - mile flight from Chicago to Hornell, New York, set a new nonstop distance record in 1916, exemplified the resourcefulness and grit demanded of any woman who wanted to fly. And when she addressed the Aero Club of America after completing her historic journey, her plainspoken wordstestified to a universal human motivation that was unaffected by gender: "My flight was done with no expectation of reward," she declared, "just purely for the love of accomplishment."

**Question 35:** Which of the following is the best title for this passage?

A. A Long Flight

A. dry

**B.** Women in Aviation History

C. Dangers Faced by Pilots

**D.** Women Spectators

Question 36: According to the passage, women pilots were successful in all of the following EXCEPT

A. challenging the conventional role of women

Question 34: The word "arable" is closer in meaning to\_

B. open

- **B.** contributing to the science of aviation **D.** building the confidence of women
- C. winning universal recognition from men

Question 37: What can be inferred from the passage about the United States Air Force in 1938?

**B.** It gave pilots handsome salaries.

**A.** It had no women pilots.

- C. It had old planes that were in need of repair.
- **D.** It could not be trusted to do an efficient job.

Question 38: In their effor	rts to compete with men,	early women pilots had di	fficulty in				
<b>A.</b> addressing clubs		C. setting records	<b>D.</b> raising money				
Question 39: According to	o the passage, who said the	nat flying was done with no	o expectation of reward?				
A. Amelia Earhart	B. Charles Lindbergh	C. Anne Lindbergh	<b>D.</b> Ruth Law				
Question 40: The word "skepticism" is closest in meaning to							
<b>A.</b> hatred	<b>B.</b> doubt	C. support	<b>D.</b> surprise				
Question 41: The word "a	ddressed" can be best re		•				
A. mailed	<b>B.</b> came back to		<b>D.</b> consulted				
Question 42: The word "c							
A. passengers	<b>B.</b> pilots	C. skills	<b>D.</b> hazards				
Mark the letter A. B. C. o	or D on vour answer she	eet to indicate the sentenc	re that is closest in meaning to				
each of the following ques	-		to the transfer the meeting to				
0 0 0 1		ng as I found the keys on t	the table when I got home!" the				
woman told her son.		,					
	her son with unlocking th	he door that morning as sh	e found the key on the table.				
		<del>_</del>	dding that she saw the keys on				
the table.		5					
	her son for not unlocking	the door that morning as	she found the key on the table.				
	-	-	, emphasizing that she saw the				
keys on the table.		ang and aron amananag	, emphasizing that she saw the				
Question 44: I needn't have	ve watered the garden bed	cause it came down in torr	ents after that				
	red the garden before it ca		ones area that .				
0	I the garden before it cam						
	red the garden after it can						
	in torrents, I wouldn't ha						
Question 45: Thanks to yo			fully				
_		<u>=</u>	•				
<ul><li>A. If you didn't support me, I would not be able to complete the task successfully.</li><li>B. If you had not supported me, I could have completed the task successfully.</li></ul>							
		nave completed the task su	•				
<del>_</del>		ble to complete the task su	<u> </u>				
D. Were it not for your	support. I would not be a	ore to complete the task st	iccessiumy.				
Mark the letter A, B, C, or	r D on vour answer shee	t to indicate the underline	ed part that needs correction in				
each of the following ques			1				
Question 46: The unemplo		iven more help.					
A. unemployed	B. needs	C. to be given	<b>D.</b> help				
Question 47: They are have		<u> </u>	<u>*</u>				
A. having	<b>B.</b> their	C. being painted	<b>D.</b> construction				
Question 48: The wooden		O I					
A. wooden	<b>B.</b> surrounded	C. is beginning	<b>D.</b> because of				
TI. WOODEN	D. Ballounaea	C. is beginning	D. occurse of				
Mark the letter A. B. C. or	r D on vour answer sheet	t to indicate the sentence t	that best combines each pair of				
sentences in the following	-	i to indicate the sentence t	mui vest combines euch pui oj				
<b>Question 49:</b> The student was very bright. He could solve all the math problems.							
A. He was such a bright student that he could solve all the math problem.							
<b>B.</b> The student was very bright that he could solve all the math problem.							
C. He was so bright student that he could solve all the math problem.							
<b>D.</b> Such bright was the student that he could solve all the math problem.							
Question 50: I arrived at work. The assistant knocked at the door.							
_							
<ul><li>A. Hardly had I arrived at work then the assistant knocked at the door.</li><li>B. No sooner had I arrived at work than the assistant knocked at the door.</li></ul>							
<b>D.</b> INO SOOREI HAU I AITIVEU AT WOLK THAIL THE ASSISTANT KNOCKEU AT THE GOOF.							

C. I hardly knew the assistant knocked at the door as I just arrived at work.

----- THE END -----

**D.** I had to arrived at work as the assistant knocked at the door.