

## Bài 1 (trang 57 SGK Đại số 11):

Viết khai triển theo công thức nhị thức Niu – tơn:

a.  $(a + 2b)^5$ ;

b.  $(a - \sqrt{2})^6$ ;

c.  $\left(x - \frac{1}{x}\right)^{13}$ .

Lời giải chi tiết:

a.  $(a + 2b)^5$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= C_5^0 \cdot a^5 + C_5^1 \cdot a^4 \cdot (2b) + C_5^2 \cdot a^3 \cdot (2b)^2 \\
 &\quad + C_5^3 \cdot a^2 \cdot (2b)^3 + C_5^4 \cdot a \cdot (2b)^4 + C_5^5 \cdot (2b)^5 \\
 &= a^5 + 5 \cdot a^4 \cdot 2b + 10 \cdot a^3 \cdot 4b^2 \\
 &\quad + 10 \cdot a^2 \cdot 8b^3 + 5 \cdot a \cdot 16b^4 + 32b^5 \\
 &= a^5 + 10a^4b + 40a^3b^2 \\
 &\quad + 80a^2b^3 + 80ab^4 + 32b^5
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{b. } (a - \sqrt{2})^6 \\
 &= [a + (-\sqrt{2})]^6 \\
 &= C_6^0 \cdot a^6 + C_6^1 \cdot a^5 \cdot (-\sqrt{2}) + C_6^2 \cdot a^4 \cdot (-\sqrt{2})^2 \\
 &\quad + C_6^3 \cdot a^3 \cdot (-\sqrt{2})^3 + C_6^4 \cdot a^2 \cdot (-\sqrt{2})^4 + \\
 &\quad + C_6^5 \cdot a \cdot (-\sqrt{2})^5 + C_6^6 \cdot (-\sqrt{2})^6 \\
 &= a^6 + 6 \cdot a^5 \cdot (-\sqrt{2}) + 15 \cdot a^4 \cdot 2 + 20 \cdot a^3 \cdot (-2\sqrt{2}) \\
 &\quad + 15 \cdot a^2 \cdot 4 + 6 \cdot a \cdot (-4\sqrt{2}) + 8 \\
 &= a^6 - 6\sqrt{2} \cdot a^5 + 30a^4 - 40\sqrt{2} \cdot a^3 \\
 &\quad + 60a^2 - 24\sqrt{2} \cdot a + 8
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{c. } \left(x - \frac{1}{x}\right)^{13} \\
 &= \left[x + (-x^{-1})\right]^{13} \\
 &= C_{13}^0 \cdot x^{13} + C_{13}^1 \cdot x^{12} \cdot (-x^{-1}) + C_{13}^2 \cdot x^{11} \cdot (-x^{-1})^2 \\
 & \quad + \dots + C_{13}^k \cdot x^{13-k} \cdot (-x^{-1})^k \\
 & \quad + \dots + C_{13}^{12} \cdot x \cdot (-x^{-1})^{12} + C_{13}^{13} \cdot (-x^{-1})^{13} \\
 &= C_{13}^0 \cdot x^{13} + C_{13}^1 \cdot x^{12} \cdot (-1) \cdot x^{-1} + C_{13}^2 \cdot x^{11} \cdot x^{-2} \\
 & \quad + \dots + C_{13}^k \cdot x^{13-k} \cdot (-1)^k \cdot x^{-k} \\
 & \quad + C_{13}^{12} \cdot x \cdot x^{-12} + C_{13}^{13} \cdot (-1) \cdot x^{-13} . \\
 &= C_{13}^0 \cdot x^{13} - C_{13}^1 \cdot x^{11} + C_{13}^2 \cdot x^9 \\
 & \quad + \dots + (-1)^k \cdot C_{13}^k \cdot x^{13-2k} \\
 & \quad + \dots + C_{13}^{12} \cdot x^{-11} - C_{13}^{13} \cdot x^{-13} .
 \end{aligned}$$

**Kiến thức áp dụng:**

+ Khai triển nhị thức Niu-ton

$$(a + b)^n = C_n^0 \cdot a^n + C_n^1 \cdot a^{n-1} \cdot b + \dots + C_n^k \cdot a^{n-k} \cdot b^k + \dots + C_n^n \cdot a \cdot b^{n-1} + C_n^n \cdot b^n$$